

(WB) Guide : This is the building a famous king lived . His name was ...

Tourist : I'm sorry to , but can I ask a?

Guide : Yes , of course.

Tourist : Has this area always..... a desert ?

Guide : Yes, it has. Now, was I ?

Ahmed and Marwa are talking about the mid-year holiday.

Ahmed : Where are you going next week ?

Marwa : I'm going to Hurghada.

Ahmed :?

Marwa : With my sons Abudllah and Ali.

Ahmed : Where will you stay there ?

Marwa :

Ahmed : Will you go fishing on a boat ?

Marwa :

Ahmed : ?

Marwa : Yes, I can do it on the water.

Ayman is talking to a tourist.

Tourist : Is there a good place to go sailing near here ?

Ayman : Yes, there are some places to go on a boat trip on the Nile.

Tourist : ?

Ayman : I suggest that you start in the evening.

Tourist : Do you recommend a trip with a guide ?

Ayman :

Tourist : ?

Ayman : I think Khan El-Khalili is the best place to buy souvenirs .

Tourist : Thank you.

Ayman :

Salma and Sara are talking about the summer holiday.

Salma : Where are you going to spend your summer holiday ?

Sara :

Salma : Fantastic. Hurghada is a very nice place.?

Sara : I'll go with my family.

Salma : How will you go there ?

Sara :

Salma : ?

Sara : We will stay in the city hotel.

Salma : I hope you will have a nice time there.

Sara : Thank you , Salma.

Khalid and Menna are going to the school library.

Khalid : Where are you going ?

Menna : I'm going to the school library.

Khalid :

Menna : I like reading detective stories.

Khalid :

Menna : My favourite writer is Daniel Defoe.

Khalid : How often do you go to the library ?

Menna :

Khalid : Who helps you there ?

Menna :

(WB) Hazem and Munir are talking about the film they watched yesterday.

Hazem : Did you enjoy yesterday's film ?

Munir : No, I didn't understand it.

Hazem :

Munir : Some of it did. It also made me feel sad.

Hazem : How did you feel when Ahmed returned from the desert ?

Munir : Why was Taha so excited to see him ?

Hazem : He last saw him ten years ago.

Munir : I didn't know that he was his brother !

Hazem :

Munir : It's a good idea to watch the next film.

Samy and Nabil are having dinner together.

Samy : What do you think of the dinner ?

Nabil : It's tasty.

Samy :

Nabil : No, thanks. I don't need any more rice.

Samy : Why don't you need any more rice ?

Nabil :

Samy :

Nabil : It's a good idea to have some dessert.

Samy : Would you like to have a drink ?

Nabil :

Maher and Ali are talking about hobbies .

Maher : What's your favourite hobby , Ali ?

Ali : My favourite hobby is reading .

Maher :

Ali : Yes, there's a library in my school.

Maher : How often do you go there ?

Ali :

Maher :

Ali : Yes, I borrow many books.

Maher : What kind of books do you prefer ?

Ali :

Ashraf and Ayman are talking about Spring.

Ashraf : What season do you like most ?

Ayman :

Ashraf : Spring ? Wonderful. It's my best season, too.

Ayman : ?

Ashraf : I celebrate it by going to the gardens.

Ayman : ?

Ashraf : I play with my friends among trees and flowers.

Ayman : Do you pick flowers in the gardens ?

Ashraf : No. It's

Ayman : I agree with you. It's bad to pick flowers. Flowers are grown to be seen and smelled.

A tourist is talking to Samir about the Day of Sham El-Nessim.

Tourist : I heard about the day of Sham El-Nessim in Egypt. Do Egyptians enjoy the fresh spring air on this day ?

Samir :

Tourist : ?

Samir : People usually have a picnic in parks or along the Nile.

Tourist : What do they eat for breakfast on this day ?

Samir :

Tourist : ?

Samir : Fessekh is fish that is dried with salt.

Tourist : Thanks for this information.

Samir : You're welcome.

Samar asks her sister Aya about Eid al-Fitr Day.

Samar : Hello ! Aya.

Aya : Hello ! Samar .

Samar : ?

Aya : By the end of Ramadan.

Samar : What habits do people do on this day ?

Aya :

Samar : Do they eat any special food ?

Aya :

Samar : ?

Aya : I can see fireworks on that day in the sky .

Shadi met his friend Fadi that has been to Hurghada.

Shadi : How are you, Fadi ? Where have you been ?

Fadi : I have been to Hurghada.

Shadi : ?

Fadi : I travelled there last spring.

Shadi : Where did you stay there ?

Fadi :

Shadi :?

Fadi : Yes, I enjoyed it a lot.

Shadi : Good luck.

Fadi :

Heba and Roqia are talking about an exciting story.

Heba : Look! This is an exciting and wonderful story.

Roqia : ?

Heba : Its title is " Spider Man ".

Roqia : Who is the writer of this story ?

Heba : It's Stan Lee.

Roqia : Is it a long story ?

Heba : I can read it in half an hour .

Roqia : ?

Heba : Peter Parker is the hero of the story .

Roqia : Can I borrow it ?

Heba :

Sara visits her friend Hanan who was absent from school.

Sara : Why didn't you come to school last week ?

Hanan : I was very sick.

Sara :?

Hanan : Yes, I did. He advised me to stay in bed.

Sara : What did he give you ?

Hanan :

Sara :?

Hanan : I feel well.

Sara : I hope you will get better soon.

Hanan :

A man is offering to help a tourist.

Man : Excuse me! Do you need any help ?

Tourist : Oh, thank you ! ?

Man : The museum isn't far from here, but it is closed today.

Tourist : Oh, dear ! Where do you suggest I should go ?

Man :

Tourist : Oh, visiting Khan El-Khalili is a very good idea.

Man : I also recommend a tour with a guide.

Tourist : ?

Man : Because the guide can tell you a lot of interesting things about a place. I hope you enjoy your time.

Tourist :

Dalia and Raghada are talking about STEM schools.

Dalia : Do you know the STEM subjects ?

Raghada : Yes, there are science, technology, engineering and maths. They are essential.

Dalia :

Raghada : Because they help develop the technology of the future.

Dalia : Are STEM schools similar to the usual ones ?

Raghada :

Dalia : In what language are the STEM subjects ?

Raghada :

Dalia :

Raghada : Yes, there are STEM schools in Egypt.

A tourist is speaking to a book seller.

Tourist : Can you help me, please?

Bookseller: Of course, what can I do for you , sir ?

Tourist :

Bookseller : Here you are. It's about Ancient Egypt as you want.

Tourist : Thank you,

Bookseller : Zahi Hawas.

Tourist :

Bookseller : It's about the history of the Pyramids and the Pharaohs .

Tourist : Wonderful! How much is it ?

Bookseller :

Tourist : Here you are one hundred pounds. I need twenty five pounds back.

A dialogue between Reda and a tourist .

Reda : What's your name ?

Tourist : My name is John Adams.

Reda :

Tourist : I'm from Britain.

Reda :

Tourist : I'll stay for 2 weeks.

Reda : What are you interested in ?

Tourist :

Reda : Why are you here in Egypt ?

Tourist :

Reda : You're right. The Egyptian history is very exciting.

Tamer meets Hassan on his way in the evening.

Tamer : Good evening, Hassan. Where are you going ?

Hassan : I'm going to the club.

Tamer : Club !

Hassan : To practise sports .

Tamer : Why do you practise sports ?

Hassan :

Tamer : Which sport do you practise ?

Hassan :

Tamer : ?

Hassan : I play football on Fridays .

Shimaa and Yousef are talking about Dr. Mostafa El-Sayed, the famous scientist.

Shimaa : Who is your favorite character, Youssef?

Youssef : Dr. Mostafa El-Sayed.

Shimaa :

Youssef : He is one of the most famous scientists in the world.

Shimaa : Have you seen him talking about science on TV ?

Youssef :

Shimaa :

Youssef : I watched him on TV yesterday evening.

Shimaa : Do you think he was genius ?

Youssef :

Ali is meeting a tourist on his way to the museum.

Ali : Hello, when did you arrive in Egypt ?

Tourist : Two days ago.

Ali :

Tourist : Egypt is very nice.

Ali : Where are you staying ?

Tourist :

Ali : How long will you stay in Egypt ?

Tourist :

Ali :

Tourist : I'm going to visit the Pyramids tomorrow.

Ali : I wish you a happy stay in Egypt.

Tourist : Thank you.

Khalid and Yasser are talking about travel plans.

Khalid : Hi Yasser ! How are you ?

Yasser : Great. I'm going on holiday.

Khalid :

Yasser : To Sharm El-Sheikh.

Khalid :

Yasser : I'm going there with my family.

Khalid : When are you leaving ?

Yasser :

Khalid : Have a nice holiday .

Yasser :

Randa is talking with Salwa about exams.

Randa : What's wrong with you , Salwa?

Salwa :

Randa : Oh you are worried, aren't you ?

Salwa :I don't like exams .

Randa :?

Salwa : Yes, I have revised both vocabulary and grammer.

Randa : So, don't forget to answer practice tests.

Salwa :?

Randa : It's necessary to be calm in exam rooms.

Sara and Marwa are talking about their future jobs.

Sara : Good morning, Marwa .

Marwa : Good morning, Sara .

Sara :?

Marwa : I'd like to be a doctor when I grow up .

Sara : Why would you like to be a doctor ?

Marwa :

Sara : Is it an easy job ?

Marwa :

Sara :?

Marwa : At the hospital .

Seif and Mohammed are talking about famous inventors.

Seif : Tell me a name of an inventor who invented useful machines in our house.

Mohamed : It's James Dyson.

Seif :?

Mohamed : His most famous invention is a new kind of vacuum cleaner .

Seif :?

Mohamed : It was different because it didn't need bags to pick up the dust.

Seif : Did Dyson win any prizes for his invention ?

Mohamed :

Seif : I think

Mohamed : You are right. These inventions make our life easier.

Sara and Hassan are talking about writing stories.

Sara : Hi, Hassan. What are you doing ?

Hassan : I'm writing a short story.

Sara :?

Hassan : Yes, I like writing so much.

Sara : What kind of stories do you like writing ?

Hassan :

Sara : Who's your favourite writer ?

Hassan :

Sara :?

Hassan : He is Egyptian.

Ramzy and Tamer are talking about a genius .

Ramzy : What are you reading ?

Tamer : I'm reading an article about a genius.

Ramzy :

Tamer : His name is Mohmoud Wael.

Ramzy :

Tamer : His parents knew he was a genius when he was three.

Ramzy : What nationality is he ?

Tamer : He was born in Cairo.

Ramzy : Is he good at computer programming ?

Tamer :

Toka and Yara are talking about the ancient Egyptians.

Toka : Hi , Yara. What are you reading ?

Yara : I'm reading a book about ancient Egyptians.

Toka :

Yara : It's about pharaohs and calendars.

Toka : Why did they invent the calendar ?

Yara :

Toka : Really ?! It's amazing to use it in farming.

Yara : Did it help them to know the time of the flood ?

Toka :

Yara :

Toka : They were also the first to use papyrus in writing.

(SB) Kamal tells Tamer about the present he bought to his mother.

Tamer : Why did you buy this present ?

Kamal : To give it to my mother.

Tamer :

Kamal : Because she looked after me, my brother and my sister.

Tamer : Did she go to university ?

Kamal : But she started studying online two years ago.

Tamer : What job does she want to do ?

Kamal : That's because she wants to teach young children .

Tamer :

Kamal : I wish she would get an award because she has shown us how to be a good parent and to achieve things for yourself

(SB) Adam and Faris are talking about Dr. Ali Moustafa Musharrafa .

Adam : Hi, Faris. What are you doing ?

Faris : I'm reading about Dr. Ali Moustafa Musharrafa.

Adam :

Faris : Dr. Musharrafa was able to work out some really difficult problems in maths and science.

Adam : What else does the article say ?

Faris : It says here that he was the first Egyptian to become a doctor of science.

Adam : That's a great achievement ! ?

Faris : I'm not sure but he was definitely really smart.

Adam :

Faris : I agree. We should do our best to be like him.

Alaa and Magdy are talking about basketball.

Alaa : Hi Magdy ! Do you know the history of basketball ?

Magdy : Hi! Yes, I do .

Alaa :?

Magdy : Basketball was invented by James Naismith.

Alaa : Is it very popular now ?

Magdy :

Alaa : Where can you play it ?

Magdy :

Alaa :?

Magdy : I play it with my friends .

Omar and Mohammed are talking about the football match they are going to see in the club.

Omar : Hello, Mohammed.

Mohammed : Hello, Omar.

Omar :?

Mohammed : Yes, I'll see it at the club.

Omar : What time does the match start ?

Mohammed :

Omar :?

Mohammed : I will see the match with my cousin.

Omar : Where will we meet ?

Mohammed :

Omar is talking to a footballer .

Omar : Hi , nice to meet you ,captain.

Footballer: Me, too. Thanks.

Omar :?

Footballer : I started playing footballer at the age of seven.

Omar :?

Footballer : I practise football at the club.

Omar : How often do you go to the club ?

Footballer :

Omar : Do you practise any other indoor games ?

Footballer :

Omar : Great ! It needs a lot of thinking.

Ahmed is talking to Marwa about her new mobile phone .

Ahmed : Hi, Marwa. What a wonderful mobile phone !

Marwa : Hi, Ahmed. Thanks.

Ahmed :?

Marwa : I bought it from Cairo shop.

Ahmed : How much is it ?

Marwa :

Ahmed : Is it easy to use ?

Marwa :

A teacher is talking to a student.

Teacher : We have finished today's lesson. Have you got any problems ?

Mona : Yes,?

Teacher : Okay. A beach is what you find next to the sea.

Mona :?

Teacher : It's easy to understand the meaning, just listen to all of the sentence.

Mona :

Teacher : That's right to do some exercises every day will help you understand well.

Mona : Thank you very much.

Teacher :

A teacher is asking Nawal some questions.

Teacher : Today we have learned some useful new words. Are you ready for some questions about them ?

Nawal : Yes,

Teacher : Do you need balance to ride a bicycle or to drive a car ?

Nawal :

Teacher :?

Nawal : Sure, I think my intelligence helps me do tests well.

Teacher :?

Nawal : I usually use muscles more when I exercise than I think.

Teacher : Very good !

Nahid is talking to Marwa about Mohamed Ali Rashwan , the the judo player.

Nahid : Do you like sport ?

Marwa :

Nahid :?

Marwa : Judo is my favourite sport.

Nahid : Who is your favourite Judo player ?

Marwa :

Nahid :?

Marwa : Yes, he was so famous and he won many medals.

Shady is talking to Tamer about Deaf Schools.

Shady : Your friend, Nader is deaf, isn't he ?

Tamer : Yes, he is.

Shady :?

Tamer : Yes, he does .

Shady : Oh ! great.?

Tamer :

Shady : Deaf schools ? What does he learn there ?

Tamer :

Shady : Sign language ? Wonderful. This helps him communicate with other people.

Reham is talking to Sara about deaf people.

Reham : What are you reading ?

Sara : I'm reading a book about the deaf.

Reham :

Sara : They are people who can't hear.

Reham : How do they communicate ?

Sara :

Reham : Where do they learn this language ?

Sara :

Reham : ?

Sara : It was set up in 1982 in Cairo.

Reham : These schools have a very great role.

Samy and Adel are talking about hobbies.

Samy : What's your favourite hobby, Adel ?

Adel : My favourite hobby is reading.

Samy :

Adel : Yes, there's a library in my school.

Samy : How often do you go there ?

Adel :

Samy : Do you borrow books to read at home ?

Adel :

Samy :

Adel : I like to read history books.

Gamal and Sabry are talking about the mid-year holiday.

Gamal : The mid-year holiday will start next week.

Sabry : That's right. What's your plan ?

Gamal :

Sabry :

Gamal : Because it's warmer in Aswan.

Sabry :

Gamal : For a week.

Sabry : Who will you go with ?

Gamal :

Maher : What are you going to do ?

Soha : I'm going to exercise .

Maher :

Soha : Tennis is my favourite sport.

Maher : How often do you play it ?

Soha :

Maher :

Soha : I play it with my friends.

Maher : It's an exciting sport ?

Soha :

(SB) Eslam and Ramzy are talking about basketball.

Eslam : Do you know who invented basketball ?

Ramzy : Yes. He is the Candian P.E teacher James Naismith.

Eslam :?

Ramzy : He was born in 1891.

Eslam : Was it first played inside or outside ?

Razmy :

Eslam :?

Ramzy : I can play it in the club .

Eslam : How can you score in it ?

Ramzy :

(SB) Abeer and Noha are talking about Braille System.

Abeer : How many senses do people have ?

Noha : We have five senses.

Abeer :?

Noha : Blind people can use Braille system.

Abeer : Can you find Braille in different languages ?

Noha :

Abeer :?

Noha : There are six dots in many different places in each shape.

Abeer : How can Braille dictionaries help blind adults and children ?

Noha :

2) Write what you would say in each of the following situations:-

1- Your younger brother wants to look at the sun. Give him advice.

.....

2- You are asked about the best place to buy souvenirs.

.....

3- The weather is windy in Hurghada. You ask your friend for advice.

.....

4- You are asked about the best place to try traditional English food.

.....

5- You suggest going to the bazaar.

.....

6- Your friend recommends a boat trip on the Nile.

.....

7- You ask someone where you can get a guidebook.

.....

8- Your father suggests that you visit the museum.

.....

9- Some tourists are lost. They are trying to find the museum.

.....

10- Your uncle wants to see dolphins and asks about the best place to see them.

.....

11- Your friend asks you about the best place to try the Chinese food.

.....

12- Some tourists are trying to pay for something in the bazaar, but they can't understand Egyptian money.

13- Your sister wants to read a story and she asks you to recommend her one.

14- Advise your cousin to visit Luxor next winter.

15- You ask about the best place to buy cheap books.

16- Recommend a tour with a guide to your sister.

17- Someone asks you about the title of the story you are reading.

18- You are asked about what kind of story do you want to read.

19- Your friend asked you how you know that "Ten Facts about the World" is a good book.

20- You are asked about your feelings when you win a prize.

21- You see a snake.

22- Your team scored a goal.

23- Express how you feel when your class wins the competition.

24- You saw a horrible film.

25- You tell your sister about your feelings after watching an action film.

26- You see a wild dog running towards you.

27- Your uncle had an accident , express your feelings.

28- You are walking in a dark street. Suddenly , a dog ran after you. Express your feeling.

29- You ask your friend what he feels when he reads an adventure story.

30- You ask your sister about the title of the story she liked most.

31- Your friend asks you what you do at New Year.

32- You are asked what you find in the sky in festivals.

33- You tell your friend what you did last Monday at midnight.

34- A friend asks you what your parents give you for Eid al-Fitr.

35- You ask your friend how to preserve fresh fish.

36- You tell your friend how to preserve fish with salt.

37- You meet your friend in the first day of the New Year.

38- An English friend asks you how to spend Sham el-Nessim in Egypt.

39- Your brother passed an important exam. Express your feeling.

40- You are asked about what kind of stories you read.

41- Your teacher asks you how you are feeling today.

42- (SB) Your younger brother wants to look at the sun.

43- (SB) You are asked about how you felt when you read the story.

44- (SB) Your friend asks you to recommend him a place to try traditional Egyptian food.

45- (SB) Your friend is going outside. It is raining.

46- (SB) You recommend a tour with a guide to a tourist. Give a reason.

47- (SB) Your friend asks you what you thought of the book written by your favourite writer.

48- You are sure that Jana isn't in Egypt. She is in England now.

49- Your friend is not at school today, he is ill. You're not sure.

50- You are asked about the train leaves to Alexandria. Express certainty.

51- Khalid has travelled to Aswan for a week. You're sure he isn't at home.

52- You are asked about your teacher. You are sure he is ill.

53- Your friend asks you about the film if it is at 10 in the evening. You are not sure.

54- Your mother is at the market. You are sure she isn't at home.

55- You are asked about your mother. You're sure she is in the kitchen.

56- Ali has gone away on holiday for 10 days. You are certain he isn't at home.

57- Your friend asks you about the match if it is at 7 p.m. Express uncertainty.

58- Nada says that you could swim when you were ten. You also add that you could draw pictures.

- 59- You ask your friend about the hobbies he was able to do when he was young.
- 60- You tell your friend that you play video games and you listen to music as well.
- 61- Tell your brother that you helped your mother clean the kitchen. Add the information that you played a game, too.
- 62- You ask your brother about things he couldn't do when he was seven.
- 63- You show your friend that you painted a picture. You add that you took beautiful pictures as well.
- 64- You are asked about what you like in addition to swimming.
- 65- You are asked about what you couldn't do when you were five.
- 66- You tell your friend that you practise sports in your free time. Add the information that you also play games on the internet.
- 67- You want to remind your mother to buy you a book.
- 68- Ask your sister not to forget to switch off the lights before sleeping.
- 69- Remind your brother to write his homework.
- 70- You want to emphasise that studying hard is necessary,
- 71- Ask your brother not to forget to fix the computer.
- 72- Tell your friend about the importance of speaking English .
- 73- You are asked why the ancient Egyptians invented the calendar.
- 74- Remind your friend, who is going to enter a story competition, what to do .
- 75- Emphasise for your sister the importance of using grammar rules correctly.
- 76- You are asked about the best point that should be followed before writing a story.
- 77- You are asked about your favourite Egyptian scientist.
- 78- Remind your sister to check her spelling while writing a story.
- 79- Ask your teacher's advice before entering a science competition.
- 80-(SB) You are asked what would you like to achieve one day.

- 81- (SB) Emphasise to your brother to describe characters well when writing a story.
- 82- (SB) You are certain that Ali is not in the street. He's gone on holiday for two weeks.
- 83- (SB) You could play tennis when you were eight. Add that you also could use the internet.
- 84- (SB) The museum is closed. There are no lights. Express certainty.
- 85- (SB) You emphasise to your younger brother not to forget to number the sentences.
- 86- (WB) Although you lost the final match, you congratulate your opponent.
- 87- You tell your brother that you are good at football but you like playing volleyball.
- 88- A referee showed you a red card. You are not angry.
- 89- Your favourite team loses an important match. You're angry.
- 90- Your father got a good job and it was uncomfortable.
- 91- Your sister studied well, but she didn't come first.
- 92- You are asked about the difference between cities in the past and today. Express contrast.
- 93- The referee showed you a yellow card however you didn't do anything wrong. You reply.
- 94- You ask your friend about his favourite champion.
- 95- A friend tells you that he has a problem of using the internet too much.
- 96- You tell your friend about your problem in looking for some information.
- 97- You see someone looking for something. You want to know if he needs help.
- 98- You are asked why you look worried. It's because you have an exam tomorrow.
- 99- You offer to help your brother with his homework.
- 100- You meet a person whose car is broken down. Ask about the problem.
- 101- You invite your friend to have lunch with you .
- 102- Your friend invites you to go to "Dream Park" but you have an exam.
- 103- You accept your friend's invitation for a wedding party.
- 104- You're invited to your friend's birthday party. You like the idea.

105- You invite your aunt to spend a week with you.

106- You are invited to a trip with your friends in Luxor, but you have a meeting.

107- You are asked why you are worried. It's because you have an exam.

108- A friend of yours finds it difficult to revise English.

109- Your sister is looking for something. You want to know if she needs help.

110- (SB) You want to invite your friend to come with you to the park after school.

111- (SB) You are asked how many sports do you think are played at the Olympic Games.

112- (SB) Your friend finds it difficult to learn. Offer to help him with his problem.

113- (WB) Your cousin invites you to his wedding. You accept his invitation.

114- (SB) Your friend invites you for lunch. Refuse politely.

115- (SB) You think it is important to talk about your problems. Why ?

3- Read the following, then answer the questions:

The Spring Festival is a long celebrated national festival that dates back to 2700 BC with the ancient Egyptians who celebrated it as Sham el-Nessim, which means smelling the air, which is thought to be useful on this day. Many Egyptians travel to the countryside, public parks and gardens or along the banks of the River Nile to relax and enjoy the fresh air.

It is also popular with people to have picnics and dinner outside, with salted fish, onions, lettuce and beautifully coloured boiled eggs. The date changes from year to year but it always falls on the day after the Eastern Christian Easter Day.

a. Answer the following questions:-

1- When did Ancient Egyptians begin to celebrate the Spring Festival ?

2- What is useful on this day ?

3- How do people celebrate Sham el-Nessim ?

b. Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d:-

4- The underlined word it refers to

a- fresh air

b- Sham el-Nessim

c- lettuce

d- salted fish

5- The text is about

a. spring festival

b. Ancient Egyptians

c. Easter Day

d. public parks.

" We all know that the ancient Egyptians built amazing pyramids and invented many things that we use today. But what did they use to eat ?

Archeologists have discovered ancient recipes for bread. This was probably eaten with vegetables, eggs and perhaps fruit and honey. It was usually cooked in the ashes of open fires. People ate the same fruit and vegetables that are grown by the Nile today. Onions were probably used as medicine. Most people probably ate small birds and fish. Milk and cheese were also eaten. Only the rice eaten

on special days even by poor people. Archeologists now think that their diet was so good that **it** helped ancient Egypt to become successful and powerful."

1- Why do you think most people only ate small birds and fish ?

2- What helped ancient Egypt to become successful and powerful ?

3- We know the ancient Egyptians ate bread because people have found.....

a- recipes for bread b- pictures of bread c- pieces of bread d- sandwiches

4- How did the ancient Egyptians cook bread ?

a- In kitchens b- In fires c- In ashes d- They did not cook it

5- What does the underlined pronoun **it** refer to ?

a- Ancient Egypt b- Ancient Egyptian fire c- Ancient Egyptian food d- Pyramids

Dear Marwa,

I'm so happy to hear that you and your family are visiting Alexandria in summer. It's a **wonderful** place for a holiday. There's a lot to do and many different places to stay **there**. You can camp or stay in a hotel. You can visit Alexandria Library and find out much information. You should visit it on the first day. Alexandria has some beautiful beaches. When it's windy, you should definitely try windsurfing. Also, you can take a boat trip to try fishing. You shouldn't walk too much in the sun. It's best to visit places early in the morning. Don't forget to go shopping. There are beautiful things there.

Have a great time !

Hassan

A) Answer the following questions:-

1- Where can Marwa find much information ?

2- What shouldn't Marwa do when she visits Alexandria ?

3- What does the underlined word "**there**" refer to ?

B) Choose the correct answer from a, b, c, or d:-

4- You can take a boat trip to try.....

a- pizza b- running c- fishing d- shopping

5- "**Wonderful**" in the second line means.....

a- boring b- fantastic c- expensive d- upset

(SB) "It is an adventure story. The trees are the first living things that Hassan has seen in five days. The wind is blowing and the leaves on the trees are trembling, like him. He is tired and weak. A few hours before he arrived here, Hassan thought he was going to die. There was no food in the desert and he knew that the little water he had would not last another day. Now he knows that he will find water, because if there are trees, there must be water somewhere. But he still does not know where it is. How far is it to the nearest road, where he might find help? The sun is going down quickly and he knows it will be cold for the next eight hours. How can he stay warm for another night in the desert? Suddenly, he sees something. Someone is carrying a light towards him. He realizes that it is a man. Finally, help has arrived. He is safe."

1- What kind of story is it ?

2- How does Hassan know that he will find water ?

3- Why did Hassan think that he was going to die?

4- Hassan is tired and..... .

- a- weak b- sad c- hot d- bad

5- Suddenly, Hassan sees something. He realizes that it is a

- a- girl b- woman c- boy d- man

" Sham el-Nessim means smelling the breeze and it is celebrated all over Egypt on a Monday in April or May. The festival started in about 2700 BCE. The ancient Egyptian year had three seasons and Sham el-Nessim was held to celebrate the start of spring. Sham el-Nessim isn't celebrated in any other country. Sham el-Nessim is a holiday in Egypt. People often have picnics in parks and along the Nile. Special foods are eaten at Sham el-Nessim. Traditionally, boiled eggs are eaten for breakfast. Children usually paint eggs in the morning. Feseekh is also eaten on that day. It's important to buy it from a clean shop.

1- When is Sham el-Nessim celebrated in Egypt ?

2- How many seasons did the Ancient Egyptian season have ?

3- What do children do at Sham el-Nessim ?

4- The underlined word "it" refers to.....

- a- eggs b- holiday c- feseekh d- breeze

5-foods are eaten at Sham el-Nessim.

- a- Normal b- Original c- Special d- Bad

" Students in Egyptian STEM schools are encouraged to try to solve essential problems like pollution and energy production. Adel and Mohamed from 6 October STEM school, entered a competition in Italy in 2015. Their project helps to produce energy from animal waste and prevent pollution. Noha and Asmaa, from El-Maadi STEM school, invented a device that removes salt from water using high technology. It produces drinking water at a low price. Yasmine, from the same school invented a device that uses local materials. It cleans polluted water and produces a source of energy, the three girls won prizes in a competition in the USA in 2015."

1- Which students had projects that help to solve pollution ?

.....

2- What are students in Egyptian STEM Schools encouraged to do ?

.....

3- Do you think international competitions for students are important ? Why ? / Why not ?

.....

4- The underlined pronoun "it" refers to..... .

- a- salt b- technology c- water d- device

5- The underlined word "device" means..... .

- a- computer b- machine c- container d- technology

(SB) " I would like to give my mother an award because she is the best mother in the world. Because she looked after me and my brother and sister, she wasn't able to go to university when she was younger. However, she started studying online two years ago and she has done very well in her exams. She wants to become a teacher one day and teach young children. She should get an award because she has shown us that it is possible both to be a good parent and to achieve things for yourself."

1- What wasn't the writer's mother able to do when she was younger ?

2- What does mother want to become ?

3- Why should the writer's mother get an award ?

4- The writer's mother started studying online in

a- 2015 b- 2017 c- 2016 d-2014

5- The writer wants to give her/his mother a/an.....

a- medal b- trophy c- award d- reward

(WB) "The ancient Egyptian year had three season. It's essential to remember that calendars were very important in ancient Egypt. Farmers needed to know when to plant crops. In addition, **they** needed to know when the Nile was going to flood.

I want to emphasise how important food was at this time. Don't forget that many people would **starve** if the crops did not grow. The Egyptians invented the calendar so that they could plant their crops at the right time. The calendar had twelve months of thirty days, which is 360 day a year. They also had five holidays.

1- What is the main idea of this passage ?

2- Why did ancient Egyptians invent the calendar ?

3- Why do you think it was important for the ancient Egyptians to know when the Nile was going to flood ?

4- What does the underlined word "**they**" refer to ?

a- crops b- calendars c- farmers d- seasons

5- The word "starve" means.....

a- be very thirsty b- be very happy c- be very hot d- be very happy

" It's believed that tennis was first an Egyptian sport. Other people believe that it was invented by the French in the eleventh century. By the thirteenth century, there was as many as 1,800 indoor courts, so people didn't have to wait for good weather in order to play. In the past, the players had to hit the ball with **their** hands. By 1500, the game was played with a wooden racket. The first tennis balls were made from leather filled with horse hair or wool. Today, tennis balls are made from rubber. The game became very popular all over the world.

1- How did tennis players first hit the ball to each other ?

2- What were the first tennis balls made from ?

3- What does the underlined word "**their**" refer to?

4- Tennis was played with a wooden racket by.....

a- 1300 b- 1500 c- 1800 d- 2000

5-is used for making tennis ball today.

- a- Plastic b- Rubber c- Leather d- Cloth

" Being very intelligent can help people to do amazing things. But what make people intelligent? Albert Einstein was a great scientists, but he had problems with reading. Experts now think that people can be intelligent in many different ways. For example, you might be intelligent because they are good at languages, maths or music. Some people are intelligent because they are good at controlling their bodies. Athletes have this kind of intelligence and they can control their muscles, breathing and balance very well. Other people understand people's feelings, while other might be intelligent because they understand animals and nature. Also, sailors have an intelligence that makes them good at finding their way across seas or up and down rivers."

1- How are sailors intelligent ?

2- How many kinds of intelligence are there in the passage ?

3- What was Albert's problem ?

4- Athletes are good at controlling their.....

- a- feelings b- brains c- bodies d- speaking

5- Some people can be intelligent by understanding people's.....

- a- cooking b- feelings c- reading d- running

" Louis Braille, who was born in 1809, became blind after an accident when he was three. At first, he went to school in his village, where his father made equipment for houses. When he was ten, he went to school for blind children in Paris. When he was 15, he wrote his first book of signs. He continued adding more signs to his system. He also made up signs for maths and music. These days, new technology has made Braille system even easier to use. Also, you can find Braille in many different languages, all over the world. There are even Braille dictionaries, so that blind adults and children can look up words and find out their meanings. "

1- When was Louis Braille born ?

2- How is new technology useful to the blind ?

3- What did Louis make up for maths ad music ?

4- The underlined pronoun "he" refers to

- a- Louis Braille b- Braille's father c- the writer d- the blind

5- Braille went to a school in

- a- Cairo b- Paris c- Rome d- London

" In Sweden, the longest day of the year is celebrated in June. It is the start of a five-week holiday. Most people go on a trip to the country with their families. Children put flowers in their hair and everyone eats a special cake. In the evening, a family meal is eaten. This usually includes **herring** ; there are a lot of these in the sea around Sweden. After people have eaten, they usually go for a walk. Nobody goes to bed before twelve o'clock on this special day! There is sunshine until very late at night in Sweden at this time. In the north, it does not get dark at all! It can be difficult to sleep. To help **them**, people should find a room that is not very light. "

1- What do most people do in June in Sweden ?

2- How can Swedish people help themselves sleep in the long days of June ?

3- Why do you think that people do not go to bed early in June in Sweden ?

4- The underlined word "**herring**" means a type of

a- fish

b- bird

c- ship

d- shell

5- The underline word "**them**" refers to.....

a- children

b- people without a house

c- people without families

d- people in

Sweden

" It's my first visit to Egypt. My friends advised me to go to Alexandria. It's summer. However, it is not very hot there, so many tourists go at this time. I'm staying in a hotel in Alexandria now. It is Friday, so there is little traffic in the streets. The hotel is near the sea and I can hear the boats. The hotel is also near the tourist information centre, but **it** is closed today. Tomorrow, I will ask about what I should see in the city. The guidebook says that I should visit Fort Qaitbey. The stones in the fort are from the famous lighthouse. They were used after the lighthouse **collapsed** in an earthquake in 1303.

Best wishes,

Andy.

1- Why do many tourists go to Alexandria in summer ?

2- Who do you think Andy is writing the e-mail to and why ?

3- Which place does the guidebook advise Andy to visit ?

4- The word "**collapsed**" means.....

a- was built

b- fell

c- started

d- was seen

5- The underlined word "**it**" refers to.....

a- the hotel

b- the tourist information centre

c- the road d- Fort Qaitbey

" Many famous people were amazing when they were children. Mozart was able to play music when he was three and could write music when he was five. Judit Polgar is a great chess player. She was able to win chess games against some adults when she was twelve years old and she won chess competitions when she was fifteen. Karl Benz went to university to study to be an engineer when he was fifteen and he later invented the car. And the great scientist Marie Curie taught herself to read Russian and French when she was four. She could also help her older brothers and sisters with their maths homework! However, some people who do amazing things when **they** are children become **ordinary** adults: not all of them are able to become famous."

1- Why did Karl Benz go to university ?

2- Who taught Marie Curie to read Russian and French ?

3-Why do you think that many amazing children are not able to become famous when they grow up?

4- The word " **ordinary** " means..... .

a- not helpful b- amazing c- special d- not special

5- The underlined word "**they**" refers to..... .

a- Mozart and Polgar b- some adults c- scientists d- Benz and Curie

" Many experts think that people first played rugby in 1823. At this time, students at Rugby School in England were playing football. Then, a boy called William Webb-Ellis took the ball in his hands and ran towards the opponents. This made a new game. To score in rugby, teams have to run with or kick the ball to one end of the field. The ball is *oval* , like an egg. You have to be fast and strong to be good at playing rugby. Many players, who can weigh about 100 kilograms, are very big ! Today, rugby is very popular in many countries. About 100 countries play the sport. However, it is not as popular as football. More than 200 countries play **that** sport. "

1- What is the main idea of the passage ?

2- What sort of person do you need to be in order to play rugby ?

3- Why do you think that William Webb-Ellis decided to take the ball with his hands?

4- An *oval* is

a- a shape b- a kind of football c- a kind of plastic d- a kind of egg

5- Rugby got its name from..... .

a- a player b- a country c- a school d- an egg

"There are about 285 million people in the world who are blind or find it difficult to see. However, not many of these people can read Braille. The problem is that Braille books are not cheap. The cost of making a Braille book is four or five times more than any other book. Technology can help blind people. Some of them can listen to news and information on smartphones. There are also "talking books" which blind people can listen to. However, some blind people prefer to read. Now, you can also buy Braille e-books. At the moment, these are difficult to make and expensive to buy than Braille books in the future. These e-books might be the best way to help blind people. **That** would be good news for millions of people."

1- How many people have problems with seeing ?

2- Why do you think that Braille books are not cheap to make ?

3- What does the underlined word "**That**" refer to ?

4- The cost of something is how..... .

a- much money you need to buy it b- you make something
c- long it takes to make d- many people use it

5- If they become cheaper, more blind people will probably use.....in the future.

a- Braille books

b- Braille e-books

c- smartphones

d- books

" Black Beauty" is a story about a black horse in the nineteenth-century England. The horse tells the story of his life which began at a farm. Black Beauty's mother teaches him to be a good horse. Farmer Grey is very kind and Black Beauty is happy. When Black Beauty is four, Farmer Grey sells him to Squire Gordon. Black Beauty makes friends with other horses and the Squire looks after them very well. Unfortunately, the Squire moves abroad and Black Beauty is sold to different people. Some people are very unkind. One of his homes is very bad. Black Beauty has many adventures before he finally finds a good home again.

1- What is "Black Beauty" about ?

2- Who tells the story ?

3- What kind of person is Farmer Grey ?

4- Black Beauty's mother teaches him to be a horse.

a- bad

b- lazy

c- good

d- slow

5- Squire Gordon was.....to his horses.

a- angry

b- nervous

c- kind

d- unkind

" Spring is celebrated in many different ways all over the world. It is a very special time of the year. In Egypt, Sham el-Nessim was first held to celebrate the start of spring nearly 4,000 years ago. In Japan, people celebrate when small flowers first appear on thousands of trees across the country. People go outside and have picnics under the trees with their friends and family. In the town of Zenica in Bosnia, people have a festival of eggs in spring. Hundreds of eggs are cooked in a big pan for breakfast and these are given to all the people of the town for **free**. In Australia, the start of spring is celebrated in September! In the city of Canberra, there is a month-long flowers festival to celebrate spring. You can see about a million beautiful flowers in the city's main park, and you can also listen to music. Why do some many countries celebrate spring? The flowers and eggs all represent the new life that we can start to enjoy after the winter months have ended. "

1- How spring is celebrated ?

2- When was Sham el-Nessim first held ?

3- What can you see and do at the flower festival in Australia ?

4- Hundreds of.....are cooked in a big pan for breakfast in the town of Zenica.

a- carrots

b- eggs

c- beans

d- tomatoes

5- Flowers and eggs represent the new.....that we can enjoy.

a- way

b- life

c- world

d- planet

Basketball was invented in 1891 by a Canadian P.E teacher, James Naismith. In that year, he thought: "I must find a new sport for my students to play in winter, because it's too cold to play outside." The new game could be played inside in an weather. James Naismith tied two baskets to poles at each end of the court. A player had to throw the ball into the basket in order to score. At first, before bottoms of the baskets were cut off, a player had to take the ball out of the basket after he or she scored. The game is now very popular, although you must practise every day to be good at it.

1- Who invented basketball ?

2- Why did James Naismith think about new sport inside ?

3- How did a player score in the basketball game ?

4- To be good at this game you must practise.....

- a- once a week b-every week c- twice a month d- every day

5- At first, a player had tothe ball out of the basket after he or she scored.

- a- throw b- take c- give d- cut

We all know that the Egyptians built amazing monuments, invented many things and had a wonderful history in sports. Although they have been part of the Olympic Games, they haven't won any medals since 1984. During the last Olympic Games in Greece 2004, our athletes changed the picture. They won five different medals. Those medals brought smile and happiness to the people of Egypt. The Egyptians in thousands went out to welcome the winners at Cairo Airport. **They** did it because they had something to be proud of. Winning a medal in the Olympics is not that easy. It needs planning, money and much training. We should start working for the next Olympic Games from now.

1- What good things did the Egyptians do ?

2- How did our athletes change the picture ?

3- Is it easy to win a medal in the Olympics ? Why ? Why not ?

4- The underlined word "**They**" refers to.....

- a- Egyptians b- athletes c- medals d- games

5- The Olympic Games brought to the people of Egypt.

- a- love b- money c- luck d- smile and happiness

" Scientists have used robots for a long time. Some robots dive under water to study the sea. Others are sent inside volcanoes to study places that are dangerous. In 2012, a robot went to another planet to study the soil and the gases there. Personal robots are designed to help people with jobs at home. They include robot vacuum cleaners to clean floors and lawn mowers to cut the grass in parks and gardens. Now, an engineer has designed a robot that can recognize people. When you speak, it will answer! It will hear your voice and turn its head in order to look at you. It will say hello to you when you come home and it can read a story to children. "

1- Why do robots dive under water ?

2- Who has designed a robot what can recognize people ?

3- What kinds of personal robots ?

4- Some robots are sent inside.....to study places that are dangerous.

- a- the moon b- the planets c- volcanoes d- earthquakes

5- Some robots are sent to the planets to study.....

- a- the soil and gases b- the water and soil c- the weather d- the seas and rivers

" The Ancient Egyptians year had three seasons. It's essential to remember that calendars were very important in ancient Egypt. Farmers needed to know when to plant crops. In addition, **they** needed to know when the Nile was going to flood. I want to emphasise how important food was at this time. Don't forget that many people would **starve** if the crops did not grow.

The Egyptians invented the calendar so that they could plant their crops at the right time. The calendar had twelve months of thirty days, which is 360 days a year. They also had five holidays!

1- What is the main idea of this passage?

2- Why did the Ancient Egyptians invent the calendar ?

3- Why do you think it was important for the Ancient Egyptians to know when the Nile was going to flood ?

4- What does the underlined word "they" refer to ?

a- Crops b- Calendars c- Farmers d- Seasons

5- The word **starve** means to..... .

a- be very thirsty b- be very hungry c- be very hot d- be very happy

" The trees are the first living things that Hassan has seen in five days. The wind is blowing and the leaves on the trees are **trembling**, like him. He is tired and weak. A few hours before he arrived here, Hassan thought he was going to die. There was no food in the desert and he knew that the little water he had would not last another day. Now he knows that he will find water, because if there are trees, there must be water somewhere. But he still does not know where it is. How far is it to the nearest road, where he might find help? The sun is going down quickly and he knows it will be cold for the next eight hours. How can he stay warm for another night in the desert? Suddenly, he sees something. Someone is carrying a light towards him. He realizes that it is a man. Finally, help has arrived. He is safe."

1- How does Hassan know that he will find water ?

2- Why did Hassan think that he was going to die ?

3- What does the wind do to the leaves on the trees ?

4- The sun is going quickly.

a- down b- up c- to d- into

5- The underlined word "**trembling**" means

a- shaking b- standing c- smoking d- walking

" Six-year-old Aba Wael from Cairo couldn't do her maths homework one evening. Her father was helping her when her younger brother came into the room. Mahmoud couldn't speak very well yet because he was only three. However, he was able to give all the answers to the sums correct.

Mahmoud's father was sure that his son was a genius. Soon, TV channels heard about his amazing skills and invited him to be on their shows. When Mahmoud was seven, the American University in Cairo helped him to improve his English because it would help him to study maths at high level. After only three months, he could read, write and speak English quite well. One day, Mahmoud walked past a class that was studying computer programming at the university and he could understand the lesson.

1- What couldn't Aba Wael do ?

2- What does the father think about Mahmoud ?

3- Mahmoud walked past a class that was studying.....at university.

a- maths b- English c- computer programming d- science

4- Mahmoud could read, write and speak English well after..... .

a- three weeks b- four days c- five hours d- three months

(SB) "In ancient Egypt, like today, most of our important cities were built along the Nile. For this reason, people have used the river for transport for many years. The people also became experts at building boats. In around 4000 BCE, the ancient Egyptians made small boats from papyrus. They used oars to move them forward. Later, they used wood tied together with ropes to build boats. They also invented the first sail in order to move faster up the river when the wind blew."

1- Why did people use the river for transport ?

2- What did the ancient Egyptians use to move small boats ?

3- How did the Egyptians build boats later ?

4- The ancient Egyptians invented the first.....in order to make boats move faster.

a- wood b- sails c- small boats d- papyrus

5- The people also became.....at building boats.

a- teacher b- engineers c- experts d- doctors

"Louis Braille, who was born in 1809, became blind after an accident when he was three. At first, he went to school in his village, where his father made equipment for houses. When he was ten, he went to school for blind children in Paris. In the school library, there were 14 books which had a system of dots instead of letters. When students touched the letters, they could work out the meaning of the words. Louis wanted to find a way to improve the system. Then in 1821, a man called Charles Barbier visited the school. Barbier, who was a soldier, showed the students his own system of dots on paper. It was used by soldier to read and write messages at night. Louis decided to improve Barbier's system, to make it easier for blind people to use."

1- How did Louis Braille become blind ?

2- Where did he first find books that used dots as a text ?

3- Why were soldiers using a system of dots ?

4- Louis Braille was born in

a- 1821 b- 1809 c- 1810 d- 1808

5- Barbier was a..... . a- teacher b- doctor c- soldier d- writer

" The Nobel Prizes are for people from all over the world who have had a great level of success in medicine, science and writing. The winners get both a small trophy and money. There is also an award for people who have worked to make the world a better place. To remember, Alfred Nobel, the awards are given on December 10th, which is the day he died. Naguib Mahfouz was an Egyptian writer who won the 1988 Nobel Prize for writing. He wrote 34 novels and more than 300 short stories. Another Egyptian, Ahmed Zewail, won a Nobel Prize for chemistry in 1999."

1- What are the Nobel Prizes given for ?

2- When did Alfred Nobel die ?

3- Why did Naguib Mahfouz win the Nobel Prize ?

4- The winners get

- a- medals b- trophy c- a trophy and money d- medals and money

5- won a Nobel Prize for chemistry.

- a- Naguib Mahfouz b- Ahmed Zewail c- Alfred Nobel d- Non of them

" Some experts believe that tennis was the first an Egyptian sport, because the word racket is very similar to the Arabic word rahat (hands). Other people believe that **it** was invented by the French in the eleventh or twelfth century. By the thirteenth century, there were as many as 1,800 indoor courts, so people didn't have to wait for good weather in order to play. In those days, players had to hit the ball with their hands. By 1500, the game was played with a wooden racket. The very first tennis balls were made from leather filled with horse hair or wool. Today, tennis balls are rubber and have to measure 6.54-7.3 centimeters across the middle and weigh 56-59.49 grams."

1- Why do experts believe that tennis was an Egyptian sport ?

2- How many indoor courts were there by the thirteenth century ?

3- What does the underlined pronoun "it" refers to ?

4- The first tennis balls were made from.....

- a- metal b- leather filled with wool c- rubber d- wool

5- Tennis is played in

- a- pitches b- courts c- playgrounds d- pools

" Egyptians have a wonderful history in the Olympic Games, yet we haven't won any medals since 1984. During the last Olympic Games in Greece 2004, our athletes changed the picture. They won five different medals. Those medals brought smile and happiness to the people of Egypt. Egyptians in thousands went out to welcome the winners at Cairo Airport. **They** did it because they had something to be proud of. Winning a medal in the Olympics is not that easy. It needs planning, money and much training. We should start working for the next Olympic Games from now. Also, we should encourage young athletes and take care of them to achieve and break records in the future."

1- Is it easy to win a medal in the Olympics ? Why ? Why not ?

2- How did our athletes change the picture ?

3- How many medals did the Egyptian athletes win in 2004 ?

4- The underlined word "**They**" refers to.....

- a- Egyptians b- athletes c- medals d- games

5- The Olympic Games brought.....to the people of Egypt.

- a- love b- money c- luck d- smile and happiness

"The Deaf School in Cairo was set up in 1982 for children from all over Egypt. There are about 70 children at the school, where most of them live during the week. They go home at weekends and during the holidays. At the school, students learn Egyptian Sign Language. They also learn reading and writing in Arabic, English, maths, science, P.E. and computer studies. More schools are now open for deaf learners all over Egypt. Moreover, slightly deaf students are now included in general education schools so that **they** can be with other students that hear well.

1- When was the Deaf School set up ?

2- What do students learn at that school ?

3- What schools are slightly Deaf Students included in ?

4- There are about.....children at the Deaf School.

a- eighty b- ninety c- seventy d- forty

5- The underlined pronoun "they" refers to.....

a- the Deaf students b- the slightly deaf students c- the normal students d- general schools

(SB) "Alfred Nobel was born in 1833. He was a chemist and a great inventor. When he was a young child, Alfred couldn't go to school for many years because his parents didn't have enough money. Later, he was able to study because his father found a good job. Alfred was a very intelligent person. He could speak many languages, such as English, French and German. He also liked to read scientific books and to write stories. When he died in 1896, he left a lot of money so that people could start the Nobel Prizes. These are awards for people's achievements."

1- Why couldn't Alfred go to school when he was a child?

2- What languages could Alfred speak?

3- What books did he like to read ?

4- Alfred was a chemist and a great.....

a- scientist b- inventor c- teacher d- doctor

5- When Alfred Nobel died he was..... years old.

a- 65 b- 63 c- 75 d- 53

" Being very intelligent can help people to do amazing things. But what make people intelligent? Albert Einstein was a great scientists, but he had problems with reading. Experts now think that people can be intelligent in many different ways. For example, you might be intelligent because they are good at languages, maths or music. Some people are intelligent because they are good at controlling their bodies. Athletes have this kind of intelligence and they can control their muscles, breathing and balance very well. Other people understand people's feelings, while other might be intelligent because they understand animals and nature. Also, sailors have an intelligence that makes them good at finding their way across seas or up and down rivers."

1- Who is Albert Einstein ?

2- How is intelligence for athletes important?

3- What problem that faced Albert Einstein ?

4- have an intelligence that makes them good at finding their way across seas.

a- Scientists b- Athletes c- Sailors d- Experts

5- Being very intelligent can help people to do.....things.

a- normal b- general c- amazing d- difficult

4) Match column A with column B:-

The Reader

A	B
1- Farmer Grey	a. was the horse telling us the story.
2- Black Beauty	b. was the helper of Squire Gordon.
3- Squire Gordon's	c. was the first owner of Black Beauty.
4- John Manly	d. was the place where Black Beauty lived.
	e. home is Birtwick Park.

b. Answer the following questions:-

1- Who did Black Beauty first live with?

2- Why do you think Farmer Grey was kind ?

3- Which advice did Black Beauty's mother give her son ?

4- How did Mrs. Gordon describe the new horse ?

5- What do you think people should do with horses that bite or kick ?

A	B
1- Farmer Grey 2- Black Beauty 3- Merrylegs 4- Ginger	a. The horse who tells the story. b. A short, fat horse. c. A horse who had difficult past. d. A horse who forgot his mother's advice. e. Black Beauty's first owner.

1- What advice did Black Beauty's mother give him?

2- What was Birtwick Park like ?

3- Do you think that the horses liked Birtwick Park? Why?

4- How do we know that Black Beauty had good owners ?

5- Do you think that Merrylegs was wrong to throw the older boys off his back? Why? Why not ?

A	B
1- Black Beauty 2- Black Beauty's mother 3- Squire Gordon 4- Squire Gordon's wife	a. She said, "Never bite or kick, even when you are just playing a game." b. This horse had one white foot. c. This horse had short, fat legs. d. She named the horse "Black Beauty". e. Farmer Grey sold Black Beauty to this person.

1- Who helped Black Beauty to learn to pull a carriage?

2- Why did Squire Gordon's children stop visiting the horses?

3- Why did Ginger sometimes bite or kick people?

4- Do you think that Merrylegs was right to behave badly with the children? Why ? Why not ?

A	B
1- John Manly	a. saved Squire Gordon from the broken bridge.

- 2- Black Beauty**
- 3- Ginger**
- 4- Merrylegs**

- b. hit the horses hard.
- c. began to respect Squire Gordon.
- d. was Squire Gordon's helper.
- e. wanted to teach the boy's a lesson about horses.

5- Do you think that it was natural for Ginger to change her bad behavior? Why? Why not?

1- What made Black Beauty's journey with Squire Gordon and John difficult?

2- What happened at the bridge ?

3- Who started the fire at the stables ?

4- Why do you think that John was able to take the horses from the burning stables ?

5- Why do you think that moving horses when there is a fire is very hard ?

A

- 1- Squire Gordon's friends**
- 2- The rider in the stable**
- 3- Ginger**
- 4- Mrs. Gordon**

B

- a. didn't listen to Black Beauty when he called out.
- b. walked out of the stable when Black Beauty called her.
- c. smoked a cigarette and caused a fire.
- d. were amazed because John saved the horses.
- e. went with Squire Gordon to visit some friends.

1- Why didn't Black Beauty return Squire Gordon and John homed the way they came ?

2- Why didn't John drive Black Beauty over the bridge?

3-"And thank you, Black Beauty. You saved us". Who said this? What does it show about the kind man he is ?

4- Why do you think that the horses wanted to stay in the stables although there was a fire?

5- What happened when John came to take the horses from the stables ?

A

- 1- Joe Greem**
- 2- John Manly**

B

- a. was angry with Joe for taking care of Black Beauty.

3- The factory driver
4- Mrs. Gordon

b. reported the rude driver to the police.
 c. had to move to a warmer climate.
 d. took a note to Dr. White.
 e. hit the horses with a whip.

1- Why did John ride Black Beauty to another village during the night ?

2- What happened to Black Beauty after he returned with the doctor ?

3- Do you think that John was right to have a helper who is only fourteen?

4- Why do you think that the driver of the cigarette near the factory was rude to Joe ?

5- Why did the doctor ride Black Beauty instead of his own horse ?

A

1- Joe Green
2- John Manly
3- Squire Gordon and Mrs. Gordon
4- Earl and lady Symthe

B

a. were Black Beauty's owners.
 b. stayed with Black Beauty until he became better.
 c. hit the horses near the factory.
 d. stopped singing after Black Beauty became ill.
 e. had to leave England.

1- Why did Joe Green have to brush Merrylegs but not the other horses?

2- Why was Black Beauty not able to rest when John rode him to get a doctor in the night ?

3- Was John right to be angry with Joe Green after Black Beauty became ill? Why? Why not ?

4- What happened to the man who hit the horses near the factory?

5- Why do you think that John said that Joe Green "looked taller" ?

A

1- Joe Green
2- Earl Symthe
3- The driver
4- The carriage

B

a. was hitting the horses with a whip.
 b. was very light and easy to pull.
 c. threw the boys on the ground.
 d. learned to sweep the floor.
 e. was an important man in Britain.

*1- Why did Black Beauty stop on the bridge ?

2- What happened to Black Beauty when he got back home ?

3- When did Joe stop singing for some time ?

4- Why do you think that people were not nice to Ginger in the past?

5- What do you think would happen if someone smoked a cigarette inside the stable?

A	B
1- Black Beauty 2- Squire Gordon 3- John Manly 4- Farmer Grey	a. knocked loudly on the doctor's door. b. gave healthy food to his horses. c. had one white foot. d. tried to make Beauty cross the bridge. e. is a small fat horse.

1- Why did Black Beauty like pulling the carriage ?

2- When did Ginger begin to respect Squire Gordon?

3- Who is York ?

4- Why do you think that horses were so important in the nineteenth century when "Black Beauty" was written ?

5- What do you think Ginger would do if people were kind to her ?

A	B
1- Farmer Grey 2- The police 3- John Manly 4- Squire Gordon's friends	a. respected John. b. was Black Beauty's first owner. c. stopped feeling frightened. d. asked Joe about what he had seen. e. told Joe that he had done the right thing.

1- What did Joe do wrong ?

2- Why did John ride Black Beauty as fast as he could to the town?

3- Why didn't Merrylegs kick the boys ?

4- What do you think people should do with horses that bite or kick ?

5- What do you think life would be like for the horses when they moved to Earls Hall Park ?

A	B
1- A big tree 2- John Manly 3- Squire Gordon 4- Ginger	a. was Squire Gordon's wife. b. suddenly fell across the road. c. spoke softly and was gentle with Beauty. d. had a difficult past. e. said " A horse is not a machine".

1- Why did Merrylegs throw the boys on the ground?

2- Who was the first owner, Black Beauty works for ?

3- What would happen if Beauty continued crossing the bridge ?

4- Do you think that fourteen is too young to learn to do a job? Why? Why not ?

5- Why do you think that moving horses is very hard when there's a fire?

A	B
1- Black Beauty 2- Squire Gordon and his wife 3- Birtwick Park 4- York	a. decided to visit some friends. b. a boy who helped John Manly. c. stopped on the bridge. d. was Earl Smythe's helper e. was a very good place to live.

1- Who was Farmer Grey?

2- How did Squire Gordon feel when he found out that the bridge was broken?

3- When did Joe become happy again?

4- Why do you think John was happy to have a helper who was fourteen years old?

5- Why do you think John said to Joe Green "you look taller"?

1- Where was Anna Swell born? When?

- She was born in England in 1820.

2- What happened to Anna Swell when she was a child?

- She had an accident which badly damaged her legs and she couldn't walk.

3- Why did Anna love horses ?

- Because horses helped her to travel around.

4- What did Anna write ?

- She wrote the story of "Black Beauty".

5- Why did Anna decide to write about the life of a working horse?

- Because she wanted people to understand that looking after horses was very important.

6- When did Anna Swell write Black Beauty?

- In 1877.

7- When did Anna Swell die ?

- She died in 1878

8- Who was Farmer Grey?

- He was Black Beauty's first owner.

9- Where did Farmer Grey live?

- He lived in a house next to a road.

10- How do you know that Farmer Grey was kind?

- He gave healthy food to the horses. Also, he spoke to them kindly.

11- What did Farmer Grey decide to do when Black Beauty was older?

- He decided to sell him to a new owner.

12- Who was Squire Gordon?

- The first owner who Black Beauty works for.

13- Were there horses in Squire Gordon's stables?

- Yes, there were. They were Ginger and Merrylegs.

14- How was Squire Gordon with his horses?

- He was kind and gentle with horses.

15- What must the people who work for Mr. Gordon understand about horses?

- They must understand that a horse is not a machine.

16- Why did Squire and John take Beauty on a long journey?

- For Squire's business.

17- What did Squire Gordon do when Beauty stopped suddenly ?

- He tried to make him cross the bridge.

18- Why did Squire Gordon thank Black Beauty?

- Because he saved them from falling into the river.

19- Why did Gordon look after John Manly?

- Because he had no family.

20- What did Squire Gordon order John to do when his wife was ill?

- To ride Black Beauty as fast as he can to bring Dr. "White".

21- What did Squire give John to Dr. White ? Why ?

- He gave him a note as Mrs. Gordon was ill.

22- How as everyone when Squire and his wife left England?

- Everyone was sad.

23- Who was Mrs Gordon?

- She was Squire Gordon's wife.

24- How did Mrs Gordon describe the new horse?

- She said that he was very handsome.

25- What did she call the horse?

- She called him Black Beauty.

26- Who saved Mrs Gordon when she was ill ?

- Dr. White saved her.

27- What did Dr. White say when Mrs Gordon became ill again?

- He said she should live in a warmer climate.

28- Who was John Manly?

- He was Squire Gordon's helper.

29- How as John Manly?

- He was a kind man.

30- What was his job?

- He looked after Black Beauty.

31- What did John think when Beauty stopped ?

- He thought that there was something wrong.

32- Why did John thank the man with the lantern ?

- Because he saved them.

33- Why was everyone talking to John?

- Because he saved the horses from the fire.

34- How did John speak to Beauty when there was a fire?

- He spoke softly and he was so gentle.

35- Who led Ginger away from the fire?

- He passed him Squire Gordon's note.

36- What did John pass Dr. White?

- He passed him Squire Gordon's note.

37- Why did John accept Dr. White's suggestion to ride Beauty?

- Because it was the only way to save Mrs. Gordon.

38- What did John do to Black Beauty when he was ill?

- He covered him with blankets and gave him some hot water.

39- Was John angry with Joe ? Why?

- Yes, because he did the wrong things with Beauty.

40- What did John tell York, the new helper?

- He told him that Ginger and Black Beauty were the best horses.

41- What was John's opinion about what Joe did?

- He told him that he did the right thing.

42- Who was Joe Green?

- He was the new helper of John Manly.

43- How old was Joe Green?

- He was fourteen years old.

44- What did Joe Green learn in few weeks?

- To sweep the floor, bring food and wash the carriage.

45- Why couldn't Joe Green brush Beauty or Ginger?

- Because he was too small.

46- Why was Joe Green sad?

- Because he did the wrong things with Beauty when he was ill.

47- What did Joe do with Beauty when he was ill?

- He gave him cold water to drink and left him alone.

48- What did Joe Green ask the driver to do ?

- To stop hitting the horses and he offered to take some of the metal bars.

49- Why did Joe Green go to the manager of the factory?

- To tell him about the driver and the manager thanked him.

50- Who was Earl Smythe?

- He was an important man in Britain.

51- What did he buy from Squire Gordon?

- He bought Black Beauty and Ginger from him.

52- What was the country home of Earl Symthe ?

- It was Earlshall Park.

53- Who was Lady Smythe ?

- She was Earl Smythe's wife.

54- Who was York ?

- He was Earl Smythe's helper.

55- What did John Manly tell York about Ginger and Beauty?

- He told him that they were the best horses.

56- Who was Black Beauty?

- He was the narrator of the story.

57- Who was the first owner of Black Beauty?

- He was Farmer Grey.

58- Who lived with Black Beauty at first?

- He lived with his mother and some other horses.

59- What did Black Beauty use to do with other horses?

- He used to run, have races and fun with them.

60- How was Black Beauty's first place ?

- It was a large field with a little wood at the top.

61- How was Black Beauty when he grew ?

- He was a tall, strong horse with a black coat with one white foot and a white star on his head.

62- What did Black Beauty learn to do ?

- He learnt how to pull a carriage.

63- Why did Black Beauty like pulling the carriage?

- Because it was light and easy to pull.

64- What was Black Beauty's mother's advice ?

- Not to bite or kick even when he was just playing a game.

65- What did Black Beauty see during the journey ?

- He saw that the river was really high and the fields were flooded.

66- What did Beauty feel when they started crossing the bridge ?

- He felt that something was wrong.

67- What would happen if Beauty continued crossing the bridge ?

- They would fall into the river and drown.

68- Why did Beauty enjoy his evening food ?

- Because he was very tired.

69- Why was Beauty hot when they arrived at Dr. White's house?

- Because he has run all the way.

70- How did Beauty feel when he woke up in the inn?

- He felt uncomfortable.

71- What did Beauty hear and see when he woke up ?

- He heard Ginger coughing and saw the air was filled with smoke.

72- How did Beauty feel when John spoke softly with him?

- He stopped feeling frightened.

73- What did Black Beauty call out for the horses when there was a fire?

- To leave the building.

74- What did Beauty feel when Joe left him alone in the stable?

- He felt very cold and all his body ached.

75- Why was Beauty happy although he was ill ?

- Because he heard that Mrs. Gordon was well again.

76- How did Beauty feel when he saw John going?

- He felt very sad.

77- Who was Ginger?

- She was Black Beauty's friend.

78- How was Ginger?

- She was a tall horse with a sad face.

79- What was Ginger's problem with people ?

- They hit her hard when she refused to do what they wanted.

80- What did Ginger do when Gordon was kind to her ?

- She was happy.

81- When did Ginger decide to respect Gordon?

- When he told one of his workers that a horse was not a machine.

82- What did Ginger decided not to do anymore?

- She decided not to bite or kick people.

83- When will Ginger learn to stop biting?

- When people become kind to her.

84- Why was Ginger coughing ?

- Because there was a fire and the air was filled with smoke.

85- Who saved Ginger? How?

- Black Beauty by calling out for her.

86- How was Merrylegs?

- He was a small, fat horse. He was jolly and gentle.

87- What did Merrylegs use to do ?

- He used to carry the children at Squire Gordon's.

88- Why was Merrylegs making people laugh?

- Because of the way he walked.

89- What did Squire's children use to bring Merrylegs?

- Apples and nice things to eat.

90- What did Merrylegs do to the boys when they hit him? Why?

- He threw them off to teach them a lesson.

1- Why do you think that horses were so important in the nineteenth century when "Black Beauty" was written?

- Because there were no car and people used horses to travel around at that time.

2- Why do you think that people were not nice to Ginger in the past?

- Because Ginger refused to do things and often bit and kicked people.

3- What do you think people should do with horses that bite or kick?

- I think they should be kind and speak softly to them.

4- To what extent were the rules to protect animals important?

- For many people they were useful. But the rules didn't stop some people from being unkind to their animals.

5- Why do you think that horses were so important to Anna Sewell ?

- Because horses helped her to travel around because of her disability of not walking.

6- Why do you think people used horses less often in the twentieth century?

- Because there were cars which were less expensive than looking after horses.

7- Why do you think that some people were unkind to animals ?

- Because they thought that animals were machines.

8- Why do you think John talked softly to Black Beauty during the fire?

- Because he was so gentle with Beauty and stopped him from feeling frightened.

9- Why do you think Squire Gordon's friends respected John when he saved the horses?

- Because it is one of the hardest things in the world to move horses when there is a fire.

10- Do you think that fourteen is too young to learn to do a job ? Why ?

- No, I don't think so because John Manly and Joe Green began work at the age of fourteen and did well.

11- What do you think life will be like for the horses when they moved to Earls Hall Park ?

- I think life will be difficult for them.

5- Choose the correct answer from a, b, c or d :-

1- The train to Cairo..... at eight o'clock.

- | | | | |
|-----------|------------|----------|-------------------|
| a- leaves | b- leaving | c- leave | d- going to leave |
|-----------|------------|----------|-------------------|

2- This hat in England.

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|-------------|-----------|
| a- made | b- make | c- was made | d- making |
|---------|---------|-------------|-----------|

3- How clouds formed ?

- | | | | |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|
| a- is | b- am | c- be | d- are |
|-------|-------|-------|--------|

4- If you run in the middle of the day, you very hot.

- | | | | |
|---------|------------|---------|-------|
| a- been | b- will be | c- were | d- be |
|---------|------------|---------|-------|

5- All children to go to school.

- | | | | |
|---------|---------|--------|--------|
| a- have | b- must | c- has | d- can |
|---------|---------|--------|--------|

6- My sister told me that it raining.

- | | | | |
|--------|--------|-------|---------|
| a- has | b- was | c- be | d- will |
|--------|--------|-------|---------|

7- Gamal has got new camera.

- a- a b- the c- ____ d- an
- 8- People have about eight hours' sleep a night to be healthy.
- a- should b- can't c- won't d- would
- 9- What have you doing this morning?
- a- are b- were c- been d- be
- 10- I live in the city now, but I in a village.
- a- used to b- use to live c- live d- used to live
- 11- The says that we have maths and then English and social studies.
- a- table b- timetable c- clock d- keyboard
- 12- It is dangerous to walk on that road because there is no
- a- traffic b- ground c- pavement d- car
- 13- This site is very ; it is about 3,000 years old.
- a- ancient b- fossil c- skeleton d- new
- 14- Who won the football between Morocco and Tunisia ?
- a- pool b- match c- fort d- sport
- 15- Alia is my; she lives in the flat next to mine.
- a- neighbor b- hero c- parent d- uncle
- 16- It is usually very in the desert. You can't hear anything.
- a- unusual b- quiet c- historical d- noisy
- 17- What do you to eat in this restaurant, the fish or the meat?
- a- accept b- repeat c- observe d- recommend
- 18- He wrote a fantastic story. That is a great
- a- discovery b- achievement c- award d- opinion
- 19- The sheep was ill so they took it to see a
- a- vet b- patient c- landlord d- detective
- 20- When it is very hot and sunny, you should wear sun..... .
- a- shine b- hat c- cream d- shadow

- 1- When you go on a trip with your friends, you can stay in the
- a- bazaar b- police station c- youth hostel d- bakery
- 2- When it is windy, you should try It's amazing.
- a- snorkeling b- windsurfing c- football d- swimming
- 3- A..... is a market or a group of shops for selling souvenirs.
- a- chemist's b- hotel c- bazaar d- camp
- 4- A is an office for people who catch thieves.
- a- post office b- police station c- youth hostel d- hotel
- 5- A / An is a thing that you buy to remember a place.
- a- message b- equipment c- souvenirs d- sport
- 6- A..... information centre is an office where you can find out about a city or an area.
- a- teacher b- tourist c- vet d- doctor

7- Young children should..... out for dangerous animals at the zoo.

a- take b- look c- make d- put

8- In beautiful places, you can lots of photos.

a- bake b- take c- make d- do

9- You can take a boat to go

a- running b- fishing c- shopping d- boxing

10- You can go sailing the water.

a- in b- on c- at d- by

11- You shouldn't go It's raining.

a- outcome b- inside c- outside d- income

12- Our house is the middle of the city.

a- at b- in c- on d- of

13- In snorkeling, you swim with equipment so that you can breathe with your..... in the water.

a- head b- legs c- hands d- neck

14- (SB) You drink water from the canal.

a- should b- may c- must d- shouldn't

15- (WB) People look out for dangerous sharks.

a- shouldn't b- mustn't c- should d- can't

16- If the weather is bad, you go diving.

a- shouldn't b- should c- might d- may

17- When it's windy, you definitely try windsurfing.

a- shouldn't b- mustn't c- can't d- should

18- (WB) You shouldn't under the water for too long.

a- stayed b- stays c- stay d- staying

19- You should hard to get high marks.

a- study b- to study c- studying d- studied

20- Tourists try some Egyptian food.

a- shouldn't b- mustn't c- should d- can't

21- You annoy your teachers.

a- should b- shouldn't c- must d- can

22- You should lots of photos when you go on a tour.

a- take b- taking c- takes d- took

23- A is an inexpensive place where young people can stay.

a- bazaar b- youth hostel c- hospital d- bakery

24- You do more exercise to keep fit.

a- shouldn't b- should c- can't d- mustn't

25- (SB) There is a lot to do and many different places to in Hurghada.

a- make b- cook c- stay d- ride

26- You take a bath after swimming in the sea.

a- should b- shouldn't c- would d- could

27- You can scuba diving or snorkeling in Hurghada.

- a- take b- go c- make d- do
- 28- Do you a boat trip on the Nile ?
- a- comment b- recommend c- rewrite d- recycle
- 29- You can go to a to enjoy a music show.
- a- hospital b- bazaar c- concert d- beach
- 30- Tourists can buy a to know what are the best places to visit.
- a- stamp b- guidebook c- dictionary d- ticket
- 31- (WB) You need a when you visit another country.
- a- dictionary b- brochure c- notebook d- booklet
- 32- You should take care of your when you take the bus.
- a- clothes b- possessions c- dictionaries d- shoes
- 33- work in ancient sites and help us to find new tombs.
- a- Vets b- Doctors c- Archeologists d- Teachers
- 34- (WB) An is a person who helps in a hop or in a ticket office.
- a- assistant b- archeologist c- engineer d- architect
- 35- If you don't know how to find a building , ask for
- a- discoveries b- downstairs c- directions d- upstairs
- 36- Going to a restaurant is very good
- a- sport b- review c- recommendation d- recipe
- 37- directions to tourists helps them a lot.
- a- Making b- Giving c- Taking d-Going
- 38- Tourists prefer visiting the ancient..... .
- a- sets b- seats c- sites d- suits
- 39- You should pay the shopping yourself.
- a- at b- in c- for d- out
- 40- is an underwater activity.
- a- Snorkeling b- Windsurfing c- Sailing d- Fishing
- 41- Is there a good place to windsurfing near here ?
- a- play b- go c- say d- stay
- 42- It's against the law to enter another country without a
- a- passport b- password c- crossword d- crossed
- 43- I you to do more exercise.
- a- bring b- advise c- speak d- devise
- 44- You take medicine unless the doctors tells you .
- a- shouldn't b- should c- must d- may
- 45- When you go diving, you should look for dangerous sharks.
- a- on b- of c- at d- out

46- What's the best way to the South Beach?

- a- to get b- getting c- got d- to getting

47- The boat trip in the guidebook was a very good

- a- information b- recommendation c- review d- souvenir

48- You shouldn't too much sweets.

- a- eat b- eats c- eating d- ate

49- You should out for the sun in the summer.

- a- look b- make c- take d- do

50- Do you recommend to Alexandria Library?

- a- go b- going c- goes d- went

51- What activities can you on the beach ?

- a- make b- do c- take d- give

52- Hurghada is popular tourists.

- a- for b- in c- with d- about

1- stories give us a lot of information about life in the past.

- a- Detective b- Historical c- Children d- Science

2- People who like solving problems prefer readingstories.

- a- historical b- useless c- detective d- comic

3- The of this book is "Animal Farm".

- a- address b- title c- dress d- price

4- The built the Pyramids in Egypt 3,000 years ago.

- a- Chinese b- Korean c- Pharaohs d- Japanese

5- The journalist wrote a about the book to tell us that it's an exciting one.

- a- lesson b- view c- review d- play

6- Yesterday I spent two hours my homework.

- a- doing b- making c- giving d- protecting

7- (WB) 1.6 litres is the least of water that women should drink every day.

- a- number b- amount c- price d- size

8- (WB) A helps the police in their work.

- a- teacher b- doctor c- detective d- nurse

9- This is a story about the pharaohs in ancient Egypt.

- a- detective b- historical c- comic d- funny

10- I prefer books fewer pages to read before sleeping.

a- in b- with c- at d- on

11- The name given to a book or a play is called a/an

a- address b- title c- novel d- play

12- Itoo long for the bus, but it never came.

a- weighed b- waited c- weeded d- weaved

13- A: Can you tell me more about your

B: Yes, I like reading detective stories.

a- interests b- interested c- interesting d- dislikes

14-(SB) There are lots of historical stories in this library, but there are detective stories.

a- title b- less c- few d- the least

15- People have interest in historical stories nowadays.

a- least b- few c- fewer d- less

16-(SB) I have time to read this year because I have more schoolwork.

a- little b- few c- fewer d- least

17-(WB) There are English cars than Korean cars in Egypt.

a- least b- fewer c- the fewest d- the least

18-(SB) The Antarctic is the place in the world that has the

a- few b- less c- least d- little

19- I want a book with pages than a detective story.

a- little b- less c- fewer d- the least

20- This story will take the amount of time to read.

a- less b- least c- little d- fewest

21- The number of tourists visits the museum early in the morning.

a- less b- few c- least d- fewest

22- My bag is the lightest of all. It has the books inside.

a- few b- fewest c- little d- less

23- The of this story is "Black Beauty".

a- surname b- title c- address d- price

24- (WB) A helps the police in their work.

a- detective b- writer c- dentist d- carpenter

25- There are than 20 people on the bus today.

a- few b- fewer c- less d- less

26- I go to the library twice a week because I like books.

a- playing b- reading c- fishing d- eating

27- The Western Desert has the rain in Egypt.

a- fewest b- least c- less d- little

28- Animals, plants and insects are all things.

a- died b- living c- bad d- dirty

29- In autumn, the on the trees being to fall.

a- soil b- branches c- leaves d- fruit

30- If someone is he is shaking very hard.

a- sleeping b- trembling c- eating d- reading

31- If I see a large snake, I feel

a- happy b- lazy c- frightened d- hungry

32- What happened was not a It was clear to all. Everyone expected it .

a- summary b- mystery c- character d- century

33- Each story should some characters.

a- join b- include c- take d- give

34- If a person is, he is not strong.

a- warm b- weak c- sad d- week

35- If someone is going to, he is going to stop living.

a- hurry b- cry c- die d- run

36- When you write a of a story, you should give the main points in short.

a- housework b- summary c- homework d- play

37- You should write what you are going to do every day.

a- up b- down c- of d- at

38- A is a long story that is written.

a- play b- novel c- short story d- poem

39- Daniel Defoe is the of " Robinson Crusoe".

a- carpenter b- farmer c- writer d- player

40- "Spider Man" is one of my favourite films.

a- natural b- comic c- historical d- adventure

41- The end of the story made me sad.

a- fall b- fill c- feel d- fly

42-people like historical novels.

a- Few b- Little c- Least d- The least

43- Yesterday's film was very and the characters were wonderful.

a- bored b- boring c- enjoyable d- bad

44- The hotel was noisy, so they had sleep last night.

a- few b- little c- least d- fewer

45- The teacher asked us to write a for our visit to the museum.

a- character b- title c- conclusion d- description

46- Does this novel you feel frightened ?

a- take b- get c- make d- have

47- There is juice in the fridge. I'll buy some.

a- much b- little c- few d- more

48- Our class has the pupils at school.

a- few b- little c- fewest d- least

49- What kind of books does Tarek to Omar ?

a- comment b- command c- recommend d- revise

50- What is the time you have taken to do a puzzle?

a- little b- fewest c- least d- few

1-(SB) A: When is Sham el-Nessim? B: In April or May.

a- decorated b- celebrated c- kept d- coloured

2- A is an important day with lots of activities including singing and dancing.

a- Festival b- School day c- Holiday d- Spring

3- When something is, it means that it's better or more important than usual.

a- special b- normal c- traditional d- bad

4- Septemberthe start of spring in Australia.

a- presents b- represents c- serves d- preserves

5- If you take something for, it means you don't have to pay any money.

a- cheap b- expensive c - free d- dry

6- Eggs are cooked in a big for breakfast in some countries.

a- fan b- bin c- pan d- pin

7- People go outside and picnics under the trees in Japan.

a- make b- take c- have d- visit

8- People celebrate when small flowers first appear the country.

a- cross b- across c- long d- belong

9- A: Who was the first pizza by ? B: By an Italian man.

a- invited b- invented c- visited d- caught

10-means to enjoy activities on an important day.

a- Represent b- Start c- Celebrate d- Appear

11- Coats are in winter.

a- grown b- worn c- caught d- held

12- Celebrations and festivals are at the beginning of spring.

a- caught b- held c- frozen d- brought

13-(SB) Spring in different ways all over the world.

a- celebrates b- is celebrated c- celebrated d- celebrate

14-(SB) Who was the first pizza by ?

a- invent b- inventing c- invented d- invents

15- Sweets to children at New Year holiday.

a- are given b- is given c- gave d- give

16-(WB) Is jam in that cupboard ?

a- keeping b- keeps c- kept d- keep

17-(SB) Hundreds of eggs in a big pan.

a- cooked b- cooking c- cooks d- are cooked

18- How Mother's Day always celebrated in your country ?

a- are b- is c- been d- were

19- Sham el-Nessim was first to celebrate the start of spring nearly 4,000 years ago.

a- hold b- held c- holding d- holds

20- Boiled eggs for breakfast.

a- is eaten b- ate c- eats d- are eaten

21- The Pyramidsthousands of years ago.

a- building b- are built c- were built d- builds

22- Sham el-Nessim was first to celebrate the start of spring.

a- caught b- held c- preserved d- kept

23- Al-Azhar Park in Cairo in 2004.

a- is opened b- are opened c- was opened d- opens

24-(SB) In our family, Mother's Day is always.....

a- counted b- celebrated c- opened d- decorated

25- Many letters were yesterday evening.

a- writing b- wrote c- written d- writes

26- Chinese New Year is an important in China.

a- dish b- festival c- sport d- habit

27- Is the e-mailby Salma ?

a- send b- sent c- sending d- sends

28- is a very soft wind.

a- Breath b- Bath c- Breeze d- Birth

29- Tahanysome fish by adding salt to it to last for a long time.

a- cooked b- boiled c- preserved d- roasted

30- My mother made our house look nice. She it .

a- bought b- sold c- decorated d- damaged

31- During, people wear colourful costumes .

a- breaks b- parades c- meals d- shopping

32- The sky is filled with colours as there are Children are so happy.

a- plants b- storms c- fireworks d- clothes

33- During Ramadan nights, children like to decorate the streets with

a- balls b- lanterns c- costumes d- bikes

34- In China, children are given red that contain money on the day of the New Year.

a- pens b- pencils c- envelopes d- baskets

35- A: How long does Eid al-Fitr? B: For 3 days.

a- cost b- last c-list d- pass

- 36- At some festivals, children a parade and wear colourful costumes.
a- play b- join c- do d- take
- 37- Let's on a trip to enjoy our holiday.
a- make b- do c- go d- take
- 38- Eid al-Fitr is to celebrate the end of Ramadan.
a- caught b- held c- stood d- brought
- 39- The tradition of eating feseekh dates to ancient Egyptian times.
a- front b- back c- upper d- pack
- 40- Feseekh is fish which is dried with
a- sugar b- salt c- flour d- chocolate
- 41- When we decorate eggs for Sham el-Nessim. we try to use colours from plants.
a- dirty b- metal c- natural d- strange
- 42- Eid al-Fitr is held at the of Ramadan.
a- end b- middle c- start d- midnight
- 43- When we stand on the beach, we can feel ablowing the sea.
a- smell b- breeze c- touch d- headache
- 44- Who were fireworks by ?
a- invent b- invents c- invented d- inventing
- 45- Why do people fish ?
a- preserve b- preserves c- preserved d- preserving
- 46- In Egypt, eggs are eaten for breakfast.
a- boil b- boiling c- boiled d- boils
- 47- A: Would you use to see at night ?
B: Yes, of course.
a- umbrella b- lanterns c- watches d- bikes
- 48- The ancient Egyptian year had three
a- weeks b- seasons c- months d- springs
- 49- At Sham el-Nessim, eggs are in bright colours by children.
a- damaged b- boiled c- decorated d- fried
- 50- A: What collected by Marwa last week ?
B: Money for charities.
a- was b- is c- being d- are
- 51- Why are foods in cans ?
a- keep b- kept c- keeping d- keeps

- 1- Ais very important when you visit another country.
a- passport b- notebook c- workbook d- festival
- 2- You watch too much TV.
a- should b- shouldn't c- may d- must
- 3- You shouldleft and right before crossing the road.
a- looks b- looking c- looked d- look

4- What should I to pass the exam ?

- a- do b- did c- does d- doing

5- A bazaar is a market or a group of shops for selling

- a- foods b- drinks c- souvenirs d- clothes

6- You can go in the winter.

- a- shopping b- windsurfing c- snorkeling d- riding

7- The of this story is "Black Beauty".

- a- address b- title c- page d- price

8- A detective helps the in their work.

- a- doctors b- teachers c- police d- vets

9- "Wet" is the opposite of

- a- cry b- dry c- try d- pray

10- The number of tourists visits the museum early in the morning.

- a- less b- few c- least d- fewest

11- She has time to read this book.

- a- little b- few c- fewer d- fewest

12- There are books on the table.

- a- few b- little c- fewest d- least

13- Sham el-Nessim means the breeze.

- a- smiling b- smelling c- spelling d- spilling

14- People wear colourful in special parties.

- a- customs b- costumes c- decorations d- lanterns.

15- Feseekh isn't eaten inside the houses as it has a very strong.

- a- smile b- smell c- flavour d- taste

16- Who were fireworks by ?

- a- invent b- invented c- inventing d- invents

17- In our family, Mother's Day is always

- a- celebrate b- celebrates c- celebrated d- celebrating

18- The tradition of eating feseekh dates back Ancient Egyptian times.

- a- from b- to c- in d- of

1-(SB) If you don't know how to find a building, you can ask for

- a- discoveries b- detective c- directions d- diagrams

2- The place to visit in Egypt is the museum.

- a- good b- better c- best d- bad

3- A helps the police in their work.

- a- tourist b- professor c- director d- detective

4- Look after your possessions. You leave them on a bus or a train.

- a- shouldn't b- should c- must d- can

5- In the past, fish every day.

a- catch b- caught c- was caught d- was catching

6- I want a book with pages than a detective story.

a- few b- fewer c- little d- less

7- You stay under the water for too long.

a- should b- could c- would d- shouldn't

8- You need a when you visit another country.

a- passport b- tourist c- bazaar d- notebook

9- is a sport you can do in the water.

a- Sailing b- Fishing c- Windsurfing d- Scuba diving

10- People have interest in historical stories.

a- few b- less c- the least d- fewer

11- You don't have to pay to go into the museum. It's for

a- busy b- free c- special d- good

12-(SB) Do you know the animal with teeth ?

a- less b- the least c- the fewest d- fewer

1- An is the person who has special skills.

a- architect b- expert c- engineer d- astronaut

2- To on something means to give all your attention to it.

a- learn b- fight c- focus d- speak

3- Information or facts about something is called.....

a- graphs b- data c- skills d- results

4- I my brother to practise sports. So he practices it regularly.

a- encouraged b- discouraged c- insisted d- objected

5- "....." means very important.

a- Exciting b- Boring c- Essential d- Easy

6- (WB) The students studied a / an which showed the number of tourists who visited Cairo in different months.

a- goal b- graph c- ability d- future

7-(WB) The scientists have a new medicine to help fight heart disease.

a- developed b- dropped c- dried d- done

8-(WB) Ali's cousin is studying at university.

a- engineer b- engine c- engineering d- engineers

9- Mona is interested in ancient history. She might be a/an

a- doctor b- vet c- archeologist d- nurse

10- Students projects where they work together to develop their skills.

a- make b- do c- get d- give

11-(SB) Experts teachers help the students through projects andtheir results.

a- give b- check c- damage d- solve

12- STEM schools are difficult, so they needstudents.

a- boring b- hardworking c- lazy d- hopeless

13- Students should give more to subjects such as science, maths and English.

a- attention b- advice c- ability d- technology

14-(SB) It easy if you don't know how to use a computer or send an e-mail.

a- might be b- can't be c- must be d- can be

15-(WB) Take a bottle of water with you. Itbe very hot.

a- mustn't b- can't c- might d- won't

16-(SB) This Hassan's bicycle. He doesn't have one.

a- must be b- might be c- will be d- can't be

17- In this photo, everyone is wearing warm clothes. It very cold there.

a- can't be b- must be c- mustn't be d- won't be

18- I'm not sure what the weather will be like tomorrow. It hot or windy.

a- must be b- might be c- can't be d- mustn't be

19- You've been working very hard today, mum. Youtired.

a- can't be b- mustn't be c- won't be d- mustn't be

20- That Ali in the street. He's gone away on holiday for two weeks.

a- can't be b- must be c- might be d- can't be

21- Menna at home. I can see lights in her house.

a- can't be b- must be c- mustn't be d- won't be

22- When you have information of facts about something, then you have

a- experts b- data c- message d- news

23- It very cold in Antarctica.

a- can't be b- must be c- won't be d- mustn't be

24- If you practise a lot, you will be

a- fat b- bored c- fit d- ill

25- He's wearing warm clothes. It cold.

a- can't be b- mustn't be c- must be d- won't be

26-(SB) Special schools focus developing students' ability.

a- at b- on c- of d- with

27- That can't be Hassan's brother. He is working in London this week.

a- been b- being c- be d- to be

28- Spending your time in a STEM school with your friends can be a very experience.

a- rewarding b- developing c- polluting d- hardworking

29- is a small computer that you can carry with you.

a- Phone b- Laptop c- Washing machine d- Water heater

30- The allows computers and phones to connect to the internet.

a- smartphone b- Wi-Fi c- printer d- mouse

31- Mobile phones that can work like computers are called

a- old phones b- colourful phones c- smartphones d- telephones

32- Can you tell us about Ahmed Zewail's in chemistry?

a- races b- achievements c- places d- classes

33- Energy costs a lot of money nowadays.

- a- saving b- wasting c- production d- polluting

34- You can buy new sports at that sports shop.

- a- yards b- clubs c- information d- equipment

35- People who prefer computers like readingmore than usual books.

- a- guidebooks b- e-books c- notebooks d- workbooks

36- When you write an essay on your notebook, you should use neat

- a- handbag b- handwriting c- hand free d- handmade

37- You can buy this new story at the nearest

- a- supermarket b- bookshop c- butcher's d- bakery

38- You can use the to print something from your laptop.

- a- screen b- printer c- earphones d- mouse

39- Modern train stations have ticket to take your ticket before travelling.

- a- videos b- machines c- bakeries d- glasses

40- When you stop something to happen, it means that you

- a- produce b- increase c- prevent d- do

41- We can use the internet in this café because it has

- a- laptop b- TV c- e-book d- Wi-Fi

42- Scientists are given.....every year in a big festival.

- a- medicine b- experiments c- rewards d- awards

43- If someone makes you like something, then he you.

- a- focuses b- encourages c- collects d- moves

44- You can carry your with you anywhere.

- a- laptop b- Wi-Fi c- e-book d- passport

45- My grandfather has never bought a/an as he doesn't have a computer.

- a- e-book b- notebook c- workbook d- activity book

46- Sara has a lot of work to do at her factory, so she at home.

- a- must be b- can't be c- may be d- might be

47- I'm sure it's a wolf. It a dog.

- a- must be b- can't be c- may be d- might be

48- They are laughing loudly. They happy.

- a- must be b- can't be c- mustn't be d- won't be

1- A is a person with a very highly developed brain.

- a- lazy b- stupid c- genius d- cheerful

2- A/An is a prize given for an achievement.

- a- skill b- award c- sum d- university

3- Writing the systems that make a computer work is called

- a- computer games b- computer programming c- computer studies d- computer prices

4- Roqia is very quick to learn and understand things, so she is

- a- stupid b- intelligent c- funny d- slow learner

5-..... is the different systems used by a computer.

a- Hardware b- Software c- Wardrobe d- Programme

6- The ability of doing something carefully is called

a- sun b- skull c- skill d- system

7- My brother is very good at maths. He does many correctly.

a- sums b- meanings c- awards d- questions

8- Dalia finished her study at university. She is a new

a- classmate b- colleague c- graduate d- student

9- The six--old girl couldn't do her maths homework.

a- years b- year's c- year d- years'

10- Heba was helping her mother when Hassan into the room.

a- gave b- came c- took d- slept

11- He is very young, but he can all the answers to the sums.

a- take b- do c- make d- give

12- The university helped me to my English, so I speak it fluently.

a- prove b- improve c- draw d- writes.

13- I studied computer programming and got several

a- words b- wards c- awards d- shows

14- When you finish your study at university, you can get your

a- prize b- degree c- agree d- sum

15- If you stand on one leg, you may over.

a- feel b- fall c- fly d- fill

16- When you improve your English, you can easily study at a high

a- level b- place c- show d- light

17- Abba Wael couldn't her maths homework.

a- did b- done c- do d- does

18- Mahmoud to give all answers to the sums.

a- could b- were able c- couldn't d- was able

19- After only three months, he read and speak English.

a- could b- was able c- were able d- wasn't able

20- Many children draw pictures when they were six.

a- could b- was able c- were able d- were able to

21- There was a fire at the hotel, but the firefighters put it out very quickly.

a- were able to b- couldn't c- was able d- weren't able

22- you play chess when you were six ?

a- Weren't b- Could c- Were d- Was

23- Sara able to teach university graduates about computer programming.

a- were b- could c- couldn't d- was

24- When you were ten, could you on one leg ?

a- stand b- standing c- stands d- stood

25- When were you able ?

a- to swim b- swimming c- swim d- swum

26- A is a math problem needs to be worked out.

a- skill b- sum c- price d- prize

27- I wasn't read until I went to school.

a- able b- able to c- able for d- able about

28- A is a student who has already got a first degree at university.

a- pupil b- worker c- graduate d- professor

29- Rodina could play chess when she was six, but her brother Mohamed play it until he was ten.

a- was able b- were able to c- wasn't able d- couldn't

30- A / An person can learn and understand things very quickly.

a- lazy b- foolish c- intelligent d- stupid

31- Our team won a gold for winning the last competition.

a- price b- plan c- trophy d- ring

32- Hala is good at speaking German., she speaks English.

a- Further b- More c- Therefore d- Furthermore

33- Intelligent pupils can their lessons quickly.

a- score b- memorise c- wait d- give

34- A student gets an award for good

a- reasons b- causes c- results d- clothes

35- He won a prize for a reading

a- race b- competition c- communication d- furniture

36- What's the of this essay ?

a- address b- title c- surname d- first name

37- An athlete gets a for winning a race.

a- model b- medal c- module d- mood

38- I gave my mother an award as she after me and my brother.

a- took b- looked c- gave d- met

39-(WB) Nahla got a in medicine, then she got a job in the hospital.

a- degree b- paper c- plan d- tablet

40- Geniuses could do things that people find difficult.

a- clever b- intelligent c- ordinary d- brilliant

41- The party was really..... . We all enjoyed it..

a- boring b- amazed c- amazing d- tiring

42- Skillful players can many goals.

a- gain b- get c- send d- score

43- Archeologists work in historical

a- sites b- sights c- sets d- faces

44- Dr. Ahmed Zewail many awards for discoveries.

a- got b- gave c- sent d- used

45- Slow learners need lessons.

a- public b- careful c- private d- careless

46- In addition to every day, my grandfather never smokes.

a- exercise b- exercising c- exercised d- exercises

47- My sister is very polite., she is very active.

a- Not more b- In addition to c- Furthermore d- More

48- My grandparentsable to go to university because they lived far from a city.

a- don't b- didn't c- aren't d- weren't

49- If Omar out this difficult sum, he would be given an award.

a- made b- gave c- worked d- took

50- He has many; he can play music, paint pictures and writes stories.

a- jobs b- skills c- works d- businesses

51-(SB) The scientist won a /an for discovering a new medicine.

a- award b- trophy c- present d- sticker

52-you ride a bike when you were six ?

a- Were b- Do c- Able d- Could

53- If someone can't hear you, you have to read

a- in b- out c- at d- of

54- Were you to answer these difficult questions?

a- could b- can c- able d- should

1- If you want to people, do something that interests them.

a- invite b- annoy c- entertain d- save

2- You can anyone if he saw him before.

a- recycle b- rewrite c- recognize d- reuse

3- A/An is a large place from which fire and hot rocks sometimes come.

a- earthquake b- volcano c- drought d- flood

4- A is a machine for cutting the grass in a garden or a park.

a- vacuum cleaner b- washing machine c- lawn mower d- cooker

5- You can use a to keep your house clean.

a- vacuum cleaner b- microwave c- fan d- fridge

6- are scientists who help people with new ideas and discoveries.

a- Clowns b- Inventors c- Robots d- Gardeners

7- I can hear my father's Oh ! He's over there.

a- sound b- voice c- smell d- sight

8- A is a large object in space that moves around a star.

a- plan b- plant c- planet d- plane

9- If something is It means that it's for you or belonging to you.

a- public b- personal c- local d- international

10- Personal are designed to help people with jobs at home.

a- rabbits b- robots c- mobiles d- toys

- 11- The twins are so It's difficult to know the difference between them.
a- same b- similar c- different d- difficult
- 12- Your personal robot will hello to you when you come home.
a- tell b- say c- speak d- talk
- 13-robots are sent inside volcanoes to study places that are dangerous.
a- Scientific b- Personal c- Space d- Vacuum
- 14- Some robots are designed to have faces so that children will think they are toys.
a- busy b- friendly c- lazy d- vacuum
- 15- In summer, many tourists wear to protect their skin form the hot sun.
a- sun cream b- umbrellas c- wigs d- jumpers
- 16- I gave the pen.
a- to my friend b- my friend c- his d- for my friend
- 17- Salma sent a present .
a- mine b- for me c- to me d- me
- 18- Did you bring that smartphone ?
a- hers b- to her c- for her d- her
- 19- My brother told a nice story..... .
a- me b- mine c- to me d- to mine
- 20- The doctor gave some medicine.
a- his b- to him c- for him d- him
- 21- I bought a new camera.
a- him b- to him c- for him d- of him
- 22-(SB) Some robots are useful in hospitals where they canchildren and help them to feel better.
a- invite b- entertain c- enter d- design
- 23- Hany likes photographing, so Adel bought a new camera..... .
a- his b- for him c- him d- to his
- 24- I couldn't my friend Hatem after twelve years, because he became older.
a- face b- recognise c- entertain d- decide
- 25- Please, give
a- it to her b- to it c- it to d- her to
- 26- The is used to cut the grass in a garden or a park.
a- lawn mower b- vacuum cleaner c- shaduf d- plough
- 27- Samy gave the letter.
a- my uncle b- for my uncle c- to my uncle d- his
- 28- You can know today' date by looking at the
a- fridge b- cooker c- vacuum cleaner d- calendar
- 29- When something is very important, it means that it's
a- funny b- boring c- necessary d- unnecessary
- 30- Transport ships are large boats that travel across the sea to sell
a- children b- goods c- water d- problems

- 31- Steamships don't depend on
a- captains b- people c- oil d- sailors
- 32- If there aren't enough crops, people might
a- dive b- starve c- swim d- sleep
- 33- The sailor got into the boat and used the to sail across the lake.
a- steam b- poster c- oars d- ropes
- 34- What is the name of the who made the first radio ?
a- tourist b- inventor c- farmer d- worker
- 35- The film was! I really liked it.
a- boring b- noisy c- fantastic d- bad
- 36- When water boils, we can see
a- smoke b- salt c- steam d- rain
- 37- After a long time, they could the problem.
a- send b- see c- solve d- spend
- 38- The ancient Egyptians used to write on.
a- papyrus b- leaves c- loaves d- newspapers
- 39- The ancient Egyptians invented the first to move faster up the river.
a- soil b- lamp c- sail d- rope
- 40- I know someone who is at designing building.
a- expert b- experiment c- experience d- export
- 41- Maha gave a book.
a- her sister b- for her sister c- to her sister d- hers
- 42- Maher asked a question.
a- for me b- me c- mine d- to me
- 43- Nader's aunt bake a cakehim.
a- with b- of c- for d- at
- 44- Lawn is a machine to cut the grass in a garden or a park.
a- mover b- cooker c- mower d- cleaner
- 45- people is easy if you saw them before.
a- Inviting b- Recognising c- Helping d- Saving
- 46-helped the ancient Egyptians to know the right time of growing crops.
a- Boats b- Calendars c- Machines d- Sails
- 47- The keys aren't on the table. It with Ahmed I'm not sure.
a- can't be b- might be c- must be d- will be
- 48- This train carriage is for women, so Ali in it. I'm sure.
a- must be b- can't be c- might be d- may be
- 49- You have been training all day. You tired.
a- can't be b- might be c- must be d- won't be
- 50- STEM school students focus on studying
a- history b- science c- stories d- sports

- 51- A book that can be read on a computer or a tablet is called
a- notebook b- diary c- e-book d- e-mail
- 52- people means making others like things they do.
a- Inviting b- Encouraging c- Saving d- Developing
- 53- The.....person is the one who has a highly developed brain.
a- genius b- lazy c- cheerful d- angry
- 54- This is the person who one of the awards.
a- played b- won c- scored d- answered
- 55- The is the ability to do something carefully.
a- skull b- bill c- skill d- note
- 56- My brother is intelligent., he is cheerful.
a- But b- Furthermore c- So d- As
- 57- In addition stories, he likes music.
a- write b- writes c- writing d- to writing
- 58- When you were young, you stand on one leg?
a- are b- were c- can d- could
-
- 1- Ali's cousin is studying at university.
a- engineer b- engine c- engineering d- engineers
- 2- At the age of eleven, Mohmoud Wael was a university
a- graduate b- grade c- degree d- award
- 3- Some robots under water to study the sea.
a- travel b- float c- drive d- dive
- 4- Mother gave for my birthday.
a- a present me b- me a present c- me for a present d- me to a present
- 5- Some scientists have to work in Antarctica. It must very cold, difficult work.
a- be b- to be c- being d- to being
- 6- My grandparents were not able to to university because they lived far from a city.
a- go b- going c- to go d- to going
- 7- is to give all your attention to something.
a- Serve b- Focus c- Fix d- Exercise
- 8- The player showed us amazingduring the football match.
a- hills b- skills c- nails d- notes
- 9- Naguib Mahfouz was an Egyptian who won the 1988 Nobel Prize.
a- player b- actor c- customer d- writer
- 10- There is a lot of traffic today. We be late.
a- must b- should c- might d- won't
- 11- doing his homework, Youssef helps his mother in the kitchen every night.
a- In addition b- Furthermore c- Although d- In addition to

12- The maths homework was very difficult. Were you do it ?

a- could

b- able to

c- able

d- can

1- are long bits of metal or wood to which you can tie things.

a- Pools

b- Poles

c- Bowls

d- Pills

2- Chess can be played inside a building, so it's an game.

a- indoor

b- outdoor

c- indoors

d- outdoors

3- You need to points to win at basketball.

a- kick

b- score

c- hold

d- grab

4- Places where a tennis or basketball match is played are called

a- pools

b- courts

c- gardens

d- fields

5- are necessary for playing tennis.

a- Rockets

b- Rackets

c- Sticks

d- Poles

6- "Outside" is the opposite of ".....".

a- on

b- inside

c- upstairs

d- downstairs

7- can be used in measuring weights.

a- Grams

b- Kilometres

c- Metres

d- Centimetres

8-(SB) By the century, there were as many as 1,800 indoor courts for playing tennis.

a- three

b- thirty

c- thirteen

d- thirteenth

9- When the teacher goes into the class, you have to your books out of the bag.

a- make

b- do

c- take

d- give

10- Basketball was invented in 1891 by a Canadian P.E.....

a- carpenter

b- scientist

c- teacher

d- chemist

11- Sports is interested in knowing the time in which sports started.

a- maths

b- geography

c- history

d- medicine

12- You can use poles to up a tent.

a- give

b- hold

c- take

d- save

13- You should more revision in the week before the exam.

a- tie

b- go

c- do

d- try

14- Today, tennis balls are made from

a- metal

b- rubber

c- plastic

d- wool

15- In the past, players hit the ball with their hands.

a- have to

b- has to

c- had to

d- having

16- I remember to turn off the lights before going to bed.

a- mustn't

b- don't have

c- didn't have

d- must

17- Today tennis balls have to 56-59 grams.

a- weighs

b- weighed

c- weighing

d- weigh

18- In Olympic horse riding events, players..... wear helmets.

a- doesn't have

b- must

c- have

d- mustn't

19- Long ago, tennis players to wear special shoes on tennis courts.

a- doesn't have

b- don't have

c- didn't have

d- must

- 20- Did you to do P.E when you were at school ?
a- has b- having c- had d- have
- 21- She wear glasses because she can't see.
a- have to b- has to c- have d- mustn't
- 22- Sayed's mobile phone is really wonderful. He buy another one.
a- doesn't have to b- has to c- must d- don't have
- 23-(WB) Which of the following can you use to hold up a tent ?
a- Poles b- Signs c- Costumes d- Flutes
- 24- I didn't have to cook meals, but I get up early.
a- have to b- has to c- had to d- doesn't have to
- 25- When my friends camping, they had to light a fire.
a- came b- went c- rode d- had
- 25- What must you in the evening ?
a- do b- does c- did d- doing
- 26- You mustn't park here. It's against the
a- level b- line c- low d- law
- 27- People didn't wait for good weather in order to play.
a- have b- has to c- had to d- have to
- 28- I should practise well to beat my
a- referee b- goalkeeper c- opponent d- player
- 29-encourage footballers strongly in Cairo Stadium. They like they team.
a- Athletes b- Spectators c- Players d- Inventors
- 30- Spectators shouldn't unkind words about the other team when their team loses the match.
a- listen b- encourage c- yell d- receive
- 31- When you lose a match, you should the winner.
a- apologise b- congratulate c- hurt d- kick
- 32- Different champions to win a medal in the Olympic Games.
a- encourage b- compete c- weigh d- congratulate
- 33- The is the person who decides that you did something wrong in the court.
a- opponent b- referee c- spectator d- goalkeeper
- 34- If you congratulate your opponents on winning the match, then you are a good
a- sport b- light c- opinion d- respect
- 35- In the past, the Olympic Games were in Greece only.
a- caught b- held c- changed d- hit
- 36- In 1984, the Egyptian Mohmaed Rashwan was in the final of the World Judo
a- Achievement b- Championship c- Festival d- Party
- 37- A short time of rest during working is called
a- light b- competition c- break d- match
- 38- Mariam got a for winning the sports competition. It was a silver cup.
a- medal b- match c- trophy d- basket

39- A is a metal thing that you buy with drink inside.

- a- van b- can c- fan d- pan

40- You should stay from the fire. It's dangerous.

- a- way b- away c- round d- around

41- You should when you make a mistake.

- a- laugh b- congratulate c- apologize d- yell

42- My uncle work as a programme on TV.

- a- represent b- present c- presenter d- referee

43- "Although" is used to express

- a- addition b- contrast c- contract d- choice

44- I don't like eating fishall.

- a- in b- on c- at d- of

45- I don't let anyone unkind words about Egypt.

- a- yell b- drill c- fill d- burn

46- Al-Ahli always beat other teams in the

- a- bottom b- top c- middle d- final

47- What does mother do before going on a trip?

- a- has to b- have to c- must d- had to

48- Soha brush her teeth before sleeping.

- a- have to b- hasn't to c- must d- have to

49- My uncle waited the bus about half an hour.

- a- at b- with c- for d- of

50- To win a sports game, you need to many goals.

- a- kick b- score c- hold d- grab

51- can be used to hold up a tent.

- a- Songs b- Costumes c- Poles d- Flutes

52- Hassan is a very good athlete. He wants to in the next Olympic Games.

- a- repeat b- compete c- beat d- teat

1- is the ability to do amazing things that others can't do easily.

- a- Recycling b- Intelligence c- Moving d- Breathing

2- means the ability to stand or move without falling.

- a- Balance b- Intelligence c- Breathing d- Entertaining

3- People who work on boats or ships are called

- a- Trainers b- teachers c- sailors d- players

4- To is to make someone or something do what you want.

- a- invite b- breathe c- control d- understand

5- Training regularly makes your very strong and flexible.

- a- skin b- muscles c- brain d- ears

6- is taking oxygen and giving out carbon dioxide.

- a- Brushing b- Pumping c- Breathing d- Training

7- It's important to physical exercises.

- a- do b- make c- take d- get

- 8-(SB) Athletes have fantasticover their muscles, breathing and balance.
a- move b- control c- problem d- difficulty
- 9- are pictures or drawings that help some people to learn things.
a- Programmes b- Diagrams c- Muscles d- Examples
- 10- I have read a/ an about ways of learning things in my school English magazine.
a- lesson b- line c- article d- book
- 11- Are you ready help me, Ali ?
a- to b- for c- of d- at
- 12- I thanked my friend helping me.
a- at b- for c- of d- in
- 13- Being very intelligent can help people toamazing things.
a- do b- make c- take d- speak
- 14-(SB) Albert Einstein had problems with
a- reading b- read c- reads d- to read
- 15-(SB) very intelligent can help people to do amazing things.
a- Be b- Being c- Been d- Be to
- 16-(SB) Other people understand people's very well.
a- felt b- feel c- feels d- feelings
- 17-(SB) or physical exercise helps other people.
a- Moves b- Moving c- Move to d- Moved
- 18- Thank you forme, Mum.
a- help b- to help c- helping d- helps
- 19- I love because it helps me keep fit.
a- swimming b- swims c- swam d- swum
- 20- Salma is good at pictures.
a- draw b- draws c- drawing d- drew
- 21- Menna came first and got a medal in
a- run b- running c- runs d- ran
- 22- I think that old things is important for the environment.
a- recycle b- recycling c- to recycle d- ran
- 23- The doctor advised me that too much TV is bad for my eyes.
a- watch b- watching c- watches d- watched
- 24-in bed for a long time isn't healthy.
a- Lying b- Diving c- Cooking d- Dropping
- 25-(SB) tennis is Magda's favourite sport.
a- Plays b- Playing c- Played d- Play
- 26- I lost my and fell on the ground.
a- source b- balance c- intelligence d- keys
- 27-(SB) Does to music make you feel happy ?
a- listens b- listen c- Listened d- listening
- 28- The of my legs hurt me after walking for long.
a- muscles b- hair c- face d- squares
- 29- Salma is interested in TV.
a- watches b- watching c- watched d- watch
- 30- When you use the internet, it means that you are
a- online b- offline c- high tech d- abroad
- 31- Exercises that you do with your body are called
a- mental b- chemical c- physical d- historical

- 32-(WB) A is a game that you have to think about carefully to find clues.
a- puzzle b- problem c- trouble d- research
- 33-(WB) Did you have any finding your way to the new school?
a- puzzle b- trouble c- double d- accidents
- 34- When you are sorry for doing something wrong, you can say I'm
a- busy b- afraid c- right d- lazy
- 35-(WB) My family are going to fly to England, but I'm of flying.
a- angry b- happy c- busy d- frightened
- 36- How can using computer late at night your sleep?
a- effect b- reflect c- affect d- perfect
- 37- Soha spends much time..... puzzles.
a- making b- doing c- taking d- giving
- 38- your brain in some situations is a mark of your intelligence.
a- Making b- Using c- Doing d- Taking
- 39-(SB) Ask your teacher or your parents advice.
a- in b- to c- for d- on
- 40- All pupils are on a project together to be ready on Saturday.
a- going b- taking c- working d- giving
- 41- An athlete is a person with good
a- puzzle b- comfort c- trouble d- muscles
- 42- the internet too much wastes your time.
a- Using b- Use c- Used d- Uses
- 43- Drivers can't their cars during heavy rain.
a- score b- control c- hit d- ride
- 44- Strong are needed in most sports like boxing or swimming.
a- feelings b- memories c- muscles d- subjects
- 45- It's good to do your early.
a- brain b- homework c- muscles d- computer
- 46- tall means that you can play basketball easily.
a- Be b- Being c- Am d- Will be
- 47- She doesn't like at all.
a- run b- to run c- runs d- running
-
- 1- The are people who can't see.
a- deaf b- crazy c- dumb d- blind
- 2-(WB) Squares, circles and triangles are examples of
a- ships b- shapes c- shops d- sheep
- 3- are words or pictures that give information about something.
a- Syllables b- Signs c- Signals d- Singers
- 4- A..... is the way by which you do something.
a- system b- drawing c- diagram d- story
- 5- When your age becomes 18 or older, then you are a/an
a- old b- young c- adult d- baby
- 6- "Hearing" is one of the five people have.
a- scenes b- senses c- sets d- languages
- 7- Braille system depends on in each shape the blind touch.
a- dates b- dots c- pots d- sticks

- 8- A is the person whose job is protecting his country.
a- doctor b- carpenter c- soldier d- nurse
- 9- Blind people know what is written on a page by different signs by their fingers.
a- hearing b- touching c- smelling d- tasting
- 10- When blind students touch the letters, they can out the meaning of the words.
a- take b- give c- work d- do
- 11-(SB) Louis wanted to find a way to the system of Barbier.
a- prove b- improve c- prevent d- damage
- 12- Louis Braille up signs for maths and music.
a- took b- made c- gave d- helped
- 13- You can up the meaning of new words in the dictionary.
a- take b- shake c- look d- find
- 14- To look new words, we use a dictionary.
a- up b- for c- out d- over
- 15- Cairo is too There are too many cars and people.
a- simple b- easy c- square d- crowded
- 16- In Japan, factories a lot of cars.
a- produce b- protect c- prove d- touch
- 17- The bank, is near our house , is always busy.
a- whose b- who c- which d- where
- 18- My father is a teacher, sometimes helps me with my homework.
a- who b- whose c- which d- when
- 19-(WB) Luxor,thousands of tourists stay every year, is near the Nile.
a- whose b- when c- where d- who
- 20- Ahmed, muscles are very strong, carried the heavy bag.
a- which b- who c- whose d- when
- 21-(WB) The professor,works at the university, knows everything about maths.
a- whose b- which c- who d- where
- 22- English, all students study at school, is a very important subject.
a- who b- whose c- which d- when
- 23- My brother was born in 1973, our great army won the war.
a- who b- when c- whose d- where
- 24- book is this? It's Bassim's.
a- Who b- Which c- Whose d- When
- 25- Who is that manhair is red?
a- who's b- whose c- who d- which
- 26- This is the housedates back to 1800.
a- where b- which c- whose d- who
- 27-(WB) The is the way of doing something.
a- invitation b- system c- apology d- information
- 28- Maths, pupils study at school, is an interesting subject.
a- who b- when c- which d- whose
- 29-(WB) The words or pictures that give information are called
a- signals b- signs c- singers d- songs
- 30- The club, is near my house, is always crowded.
a- which b- where c- who d- when
- 31- These rackets and skates are my own sports
a- games b- clubs c- athletes d- equipment

- 32- My brother,is a doctor, works in a big hospital.
a- who b- when c- which d- whose
- 33- A person is the one who can't hear.
a- blind b- dumb c- lazy d- deaf
- 34-language is the way used by deaf people to communicate using hands.
a- Sign b- Body c- Eye d- Mouth
- 35-is a group of musicians who use different musical instruments.
a- Army b- Team c- Orchestra d- Chorus
- 36- When someone invites you, you can accept or refuse his
a- intention b- invention c- invitation d- apology
- 37- Amr Diab gave a fantastic yesterday.
a- concert b- wedding c- picnic d- journey
- 38- We should help deaf students to up sign language.
a- make b- go c- set d- take
- 39-(SB) Someone who is deaf, can't hear well.
a- slightly b- completely c- happily d- dangerously
- 40- Could you out the books to the students, Salma ?
a- give b- hand c- read d- ride
- 41- I didn't go to his wedding for many
a- invitations b- reasons c- facts d- signs
- 42- Dr. Zewail got the Nobel Prize for his great
a- sports b- communications c- achievements d- exhibitions
- 43- The charity started ten years ago. It means it was up 10 years ago.
a- made b- hung c- given d- set
- 44- It's really important for deaf people to with people who can hear.
a- forget b- communicate c- encouraged d- include
- 45- I Ali to come with me to a pizza party in our school.
a- invented b- invited c- revised d- devised
- 46- "....." is the opposite of "refuse".
a- Accept b- Expect c- Prospect d- Except
- 47- My neighbor,is friendly, is a primary school teacher.
a- where b- what c- when d- who
- 48- Camels,can live for 50 years, can live for weeks without water.
a- which b- when c- where d- whose
- 49- We went to the supermarket,we bought some food for a picnic.
a- which b- where c- when d- who
- 50-(SB) The teacherout information about the concert.
a- took b- handed c- made d- put
- 51- You become when you are eighteen years old.
a- an adult b- a soldier c- honest d- an opponent
- 52- The tourist didn't speak Arabic, but we in English.
a- handed out b- set up c- communicated d- made up

- 1- revision before exams is very important .
a- Doing b- Taking c- Making d- Putting
- 2- Rackets are necessary for playing
a- football b- tennis c- hockey d- handball
- 3- I my friend Ali on passing the exam.
a- invented b- congratulated c- invited d- took
- 4- Today, tennis balls have to56-59 grams.
a- weights b- weigh c- weighed d- weight
- 5- Tomorrow is a holiday, yousleep early.
a- has to b- don't have to c- have to d- didn't have to
- 6- In the past, basketball players had to take the ball..... of the basket.
a- in b- out c- on d- with
- 7- The deaf use their in sign language.
a- heads b- noses c- fingers d- legs
- 8- "Refuse" is the opposite of
a- except b- accept c- expect d- invite
- 9- Deaf people can't
a- see b- smell c- hear d- walk
- 10- Ali,brother lives in Port Said, is a teacher.
a- whose b- who c- which d- where
- 11- Ahmed was born in 1985,his uncle got married.
a- which b- when c- who d- where
- 12- The teacher handedthe exam papers at nine o'clock.
a- in b- out c- up d- over

- 1- Ahmed usually plays the violin in a/an on Tuesday.
a- orchestra b- music c- invention d- spectator
- 2- If the referee decides that you did something wrong, you should
a- refuse b- neglect c- disagree d- apologise
- 3- The problem is that I can't so many rules.
a- memorize b- forget c- mind d- arrive
- 4- Would you like to the beach with us on Saturday?
a- come b- to come c- comes d- to coming
- 5- Does to music make you feel happy?
a- listening b- listen c- listened d- listens
- 6- Mr. Adel,factory produces cotton clothes, is very rich.
a- who b- whose c- when d- where
- 7- You should congratulate yourwhen he wins the match.
a- referee b- spectator c- opponent d- team
- 8- You need strongto be good at most sports.
a- physical b- muscles c- feelings d- memory
- 9- have intelligence that makes them good at finding their way across seas.
a- Workers b- Sailors c- Pilots d- Drivers

10- Louis Braille decided.....Barbier's system, to make it easier for blind people to use.

a- improve

b- improves

c- to improve

d- improving

11- Our school, has more than 1,000 students, is more than 100 years.

a- which

b- who

c- where

d- whose

12- very intelligent can help people to do amazing things.

a- Be

b- Being

c- To be

d- Will be

Read and correct the underlined words:-

1- That is the boy when won the competitions.

2- My uncle has written an e-mail yesterday.

3- Have you been ever to the desert?

4- I haven't finished my homework already.

5- Amal has lived in that house since 20 years.

6- Did your grandfather used to work in a bank?

7- It was been raining all day today, so the garden is very wet.

8- Walid said that he enjoys the film yesterday.

9- If it is warm tomorrow, we went to the beach.

10- Rice isn't grow in England.

6- Rewrite the following sentences using the word(s) in brackets to give the same meaning :-

1- I advise you to do the homework quickly.

(should)

2- Your mother told you not to walk too much in the sun.

(shouldn't)

3- You shouldn't stay under water for too long.

(advise)

4- I advise you to go to the old part of the city.

(should)

5- You had better not look at the sun directly.

(shouldn't)

6- It is a good idea to help old people.

(should)

7- If I were you, I'd stop smoking.

(shouldn't)

8- When you go to Giza, I think you should see the Pyramids.

(recommend)

9- I advise you to visit Hurghada.

(should)

10- My advice to you is to read a short story before sleeping.

(should)

11- You had better not watch too much TV.

(shouldn't)

- 12- When you go home, I think you should help your mother. (recommend)
- 13-(WB) Not many people like historical novels. (Few)
- 14-(WB) Rodina has more books in her bag than Malak. (fewer)
- 15- I would like to read this detective story, but I don't have much time. (little)
- 16- I don't have as much interest in adventure stories as I do in mysteries. (less)
- 17- Huda bought less beef than Mona and Ali yesterday. (least)
- 18- Salma's bottle has more water than Mona's bottle. (less)
- 19- I would like to play computer games, but I don't have much time. (little)
- 20- Adel read more stories than Yasser. (fewer)
- 21- I haven't got many books. (few)
- 22- Amr has got more juice than Mona. (less)
- 23- They haven't got much money. (little)
- 24- My house has more rooms than yours. (fewer)
- 25- I recommend visitng Alexandria in summer. (advise)
- 26- Girls are fewer than boys in our class. (more)
- 27- Children eat cheese for breakfast. (is)
- 28- Cakes were eaten by my friends. (ate)
- 29- Did Rami do his homework ? (Was.... ?)
- 30- People wear coats in winter. (worn)
- 31- The Pharaohs built the Pyramids in the past. (were)
- 32- Ronaldo scored three goals last match. (were)

- 33- Students ride bikes on the street. (ridden)
- 34- Did Omar write the letter ? (Was?)
- 35- Abdulrahman saw a nice program yesterday. (seen)
- 36- Mona studies science at school. (is)
- 37- They didn't visit the zoo last week. (wasn't)
- 38- Benz invented the first car. (was)
- 39- Do they give presents to children at festivals? (Are)
- 40- Mother's Day is always celebrated in our family. (We)
- 41- I advise you not to take photos of people unless you ask them. (shouldn't)
- 42- You should visit Aswan in winter. (advise)
- 43- I advise you to see a doctor. (should)
- 44- You don't have to pay to go into the library. (free)
- 45- Omar always helps people. (helpful)
- 46- I didn't send the e-mail. (sent)
- 47- I advise you not to watch too much television. (shouldn't)
- 48- I would like to read this detective story, but I don't have much time. (little)
- 49- In Bosnia, people cook hundreds of eggs in a big pan. (Hundreds of eggs)
- 50- An Italian man invented the first pizza. (The first pizza)
- 51- I don't have as much interest in adventure stories as I do in mysteries. (less)
- 52- You shouldn't forget to do your English homework. (advise)

- 1- I'm not sure that he is at home. (might be)
- 2- He is rich. He has a wonderful car. (must be)
- 3- He is very clever. I'm sure. (must be)
- 4- I'm sure that my father isn't in the street as he travelled abroad. (can't be)
- 5- He won't be in today's match. He got the red card last match. (can't be)
- 6- She is poor. She wears old clothes. (must be)
- 7- He isn't at school, he is ill. I'm not sure. (might be)
- 8- I'm sure Tarek is clever. He got high marks. (must)
- 9- Perhaps Ayman is at his office. I'm not sure. (might be)
- 10- Ashraf has a lot of work to do at school. I'm sure he isn't at home. (can't be)
- 11- Perhaps I'll play tennis today, I'm not sure. (might)
- 12- I'm sure Ali is happy as he has just won a prize. (must)
- 13- Tamer might visit us tomorrow. (I'm not sure)
- 14- Mohamed couldn't find the keys that he lost. (able)
- 15- Walaa wasn't able to do her English homework yesterday. (could)
- 16- They couldn't finish the race last week. (able)
- 17- Adel couldn't see the programme last week because he was busy. (able)
- 18- The good firefighter had the ability to put out the fire quickly. (able)
- 19- He wasn't able to stand on one leg when he was six. (couldn't)
- 20- She drank some tea, she also drank some juice. (In addition to)
- 21- Hamza is good at English. He is good at maths,too. (Furthermore)

22- He couldn't write when he was four.	(able)
23- Ali wasn't able to find the money that he lost.	(couldn't)
24- Tahany likes swimming. She also likes reading.	(In addition)
25- Mr. Ayman is a good teacher. Also, he never gives private lessons.	(Furthermore)
1- Maya gave her sister a pen.	(to her)
2- The owner sold the house to Ahmed.	(sold Ahmed)
3- Grandmother baked him a cake.	(for him)
4- The class bought Mrs. Mona some flowers.	(for Mrs. Mona)
5- Mother brought the computer for him.	(brought him)
6- Could you buy me that watch ?	(for me)
7- Salma gave her brother a cake.	(to him)
8- Mona sold Salma the mobile.	(to)
9- Don't forget to follow grammar rules.	(It's)
10- Please, send me an e-mail.	(to me)
11- Have you bought me this dictionary?	(for)
12- The carpenter gave the table to Ali.	(gave Ali)
13- A mobile was given to Ahmed.	(Ahmed)
14- Roqia cooks well. She also swims well.	(In addition to)
15- She couldn't use the new mobile.	(able to)
16- My sister is an excellent swimmer. She plays tennis as well.	(In addition)

- 17- Youssef does his homework. He also helps his mother in the kitchen every night.
(In addition to)
- 18- You couldn't speak two languages when you were five. (not able)
- 19- The owner sold the house to Ahmed. (sold Ahmed)
- 20- I'm sure it is a British coin; it can't be Egyptian. (must)
- 21- I could play tennis when I was eight. I could also use the internet. (In addition ..)
- 22- Do you buy me that smartphone? (for me)
- 1- You are not allowed to park your car here. (mustn't)
- 2- It's not necessary to buy a jacket, you have three jackets. (don't)
- 3- It is important for students to wear a uniform. (have to)
- 4- You are not allowed to get on a train without a ticket. (mustn't)
- 5- It is necessary for you to do your homework. (have to)
- 6- It was necessary for Mona to see a doctor last week. (had)
- 7- He is tired. However, he studies a lot. (Although)
- 8- She wanted to bake a cake. She didn't have any eggs. (However)
- 9- They got us early, but they didn't catch the bus. (Although)
- 10- I really enjoy playing speed-ball. I don't have any time to practise it. (Although)
- 11- You are not allowed to smoke in hospitals. (mustn't)
- 12- Although he is clever, he gets low marks. (However)
- 13- You are not allowed to smoke here. (mustn't)

14- He is tall, but he can't play basketball.	(However)
15- Ahmed enjoys teaching, but he doesn't work as a teacher.	(Although)
1- Yasser likes to play volleyball. It's his favourite sport.	(Playing)
2-(SB) Do you feel happy when you listen to music?	(Does)
3- Amin finds it easy to learn new languages.	(Learning)
4- I don't like pizza at all.	(can't stand)
5- My hope is to travel all over the world.	(look forward to)
6- Mustafa said that he didn't drink milk yesterday.	(denied)
7- It's not healthy to stay up late for a long time.	(Staying)
8- Mona likes to read short stories.	(Reading)
9- Painting pictures is my favourite hobby.	(like)
10- My friend finds it difficult to practise a new language.	(for my friend)
11- Revising new words is easy.	(It's)
12- In Egypt, it is always more expensive to travel by plane than by train.	(Travelling)
13- Reading is my favourite hobby.	(like)
14- It's not healthy to watch too much TV.	(Watching)
15- Travelling by train is comfortable.	(It's)
1- The story is very good. It was written by an Egyptian writer.	(which)
2- Ahmed's cousin is a doctor. He lives in Assiut.	(who)
3- (WB) the bank is near the school. Mrs. Mona works there.	(where)

- 4- Squash keeps me fit, it is my favourite sport. (which)
- 5-(WB) Many tourists in London visit Wembley Stadium. You can see many sports there. (where)
- 6-(WB) Mona received a medal for winning the race. She is an excellent runner. (who)
- 7-(SB) The Deaf School was set up in Cairo. It is for all children from all over Egypt. (which)
- 8- The shop is opposite my school. My uncle works there. (where)
- 9- Basketball makes my body strong. It's my favourite sport. (which)
- 10- Many people in Giza visit the zoo. They can see many animals there. (where)
- 11-(WB) Maya is slightly deaf. She is learning Egyptian Sign Language. (who)
- 12- The bakery is in that street. My sister lives there. (where)
- 13- Ahmed plays basketball well. He is very tall. (who)
- 14- Gold rings are very expensive. (which)
- 15- It's not necessary for you to buy a new mobile. (don't have)
- 16- It's necessary for pupils to wear a uniform. (must)
- 17- It's prohibited to smoke in a hospital. (mustn't)
- 18- It's good to do sports every morning. (Doing)
- 19- It's a bad habit to watch too much TV. (Watching)
- 20- Playing in the street is dangerous. (It's)
- 21-(SB) It's necessary for you to see a doctor. (must)
- 22-(SB) Mr. Zaki is a scientist. He lives next door. (who)
- 23-(SB) To lie in bed for a long time isn't healthy. (Lying)

24- Do you feel happy when you listen to music?

(Listening)

25-(WB) The bank is near the school. My brother works there.

(where)

26- I don't have any time to practise speed-ball. However, I really enjoy playing it. (Although)

7- Write a paragraph of seven (7) sentences about one of the following:-

1- A sport you really like.

2- What a player should do to be a good sport.

3- An exciting place you'd like to visit.

4- Your school library. / A visit to the school library.

5- Louis Braille.

6- Kinds of intelligence.

7- how can using computers late at night affect our sleep.

8- what makes you intelligent in your life.

9- Your favourite hobby.

10- what you need to be a good sportsman with self-respect.

11- A sport you like most. / Your favourite sport.

12- A footballer you like most.

13- STEM Schools.

14- A famous Egyptian invention. / One of the most famous inventions.

15- The River Nile.

16- Your favourite scientist. / An inventor you like most.

17- A subject you like most.

18- The invention of ships and sails.

19- A job you would like to do in the future.

20- Robots in our lives.

21- Someone you know who is genius.

22- An award you have just got in a competition.

23- Your life when you were young.

24- Knowing how to use modern technology is essential.

25- A review of a book you liked.

26- A trip on the beach with your friends. / what you like to do when you visit a beach.

27- Sham el-Nessim in Egypt.

28- Spring festivals in Japan.

29- Your favourite festival of the year.

30- A story you like most. / An adventure story you have just read.

31- Your favourite Egyptian writer.

32- Why do you think Hurghada is a nice place for tourists ?

33- Sports you can do in the water in Hurghada.

7- Write an e-mail of seven (7) sentences about one of the following :-

- 1- an email to your French friend telling him about interesting places to visit in Egypt.**
- 2- an email to your friend telling him about an exciting match you watched yesterday.**
- 3- an email to your friend telling him about a visit to Hurghada next summer. / recommending places for a tourist to visit.**
- 4- an email to your friend recommending him a short story you liked so much.**
- 5- an email to your friend telling him about a nice book you read.**
- 6- an e-mail to your sister telling her about the importance of reading.**
- 7- an email to your pen friend telling him how Sham el-Nessim is celebrated in Egypt.**
- 8- an email to your cousin about Eid al-Fitr Day. / A Special Day**
- 9- an email to your friend telling him about what the problems caused by polluted water.**
- 10- an email to your friend telling him about the importance of new technology.**
- 11- an email to your friend about smartphones.**
- 12- an email to your friend who is entering a writing / story competition.**
- 13- an email to your teacher telling him about achievements you would like to do.**
- 14- an email to your friend about your plans to next weekend.**
- 15- an email to your brother to tell him about the types of robots.**
- 16- one of the most important inventions.**
- 17- The River Nile.**
- 18-(WB) an email to your teacher telling him/her about your skills.**
- 19-(WB) an email to your friend telling him about a great inventor.**
- 20- an email to your English friend telling him about your favourite team.**
- 21- an email to your brother telling him what he has to do every day at school. / Obligations at primary school.**

- 22- an email to your friend telling him about spending a nice day in Alexandria.
- 23- an e-mail to your teacher telling him about the best prize you received.
- 24- an email to your cousin inviting him to your sister's wedding party.
- 25- an email to your friend telling him about the exciting match you saw yesterday.
- 26- an email to your cousin inviting him to your birthday party.
- 27- an email to your friend refusing his invitation politely as you have an exam and you can't attend his wedding party.
- 28-(SB) an email to your friend telling him about your favourite sport.
- 29-(SB) an email to your friend telling him about what makes people intelligent.

" والمولى هو الموفق والمستعان "

Best wishes

Mr. Ahmed Mohamed Ezzat