

NOVA

after mid-Term

1.50

Steel Structures

3rd Year Civil Eng.

Design of Beams

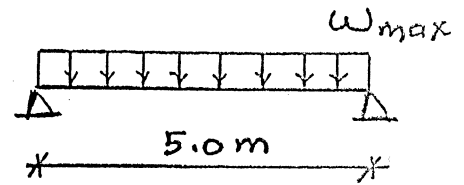
Examples on Laterally unsupported
Beams ($I_y \neq 0$)

With my best wishes

Example ①

"مسألة المحاضرة"

- For the Shown Beam: - (un supported)



- St (37)
- IPE 300
- $l_u = 5.0 \text{ m}$
- $C_b = 1.13$

- Required:-

Find the Max. Moment, Max. Shear and w_{max} .

Solution

من المعترض أن يتم عمل check لمعرفة إذا كان القطاع Compact أو Non Compact ويتم ذلك على طريقتين

طريقة الأولى

* check of compact or Non Compact For web:-

code
P.9

if $\frac{d_w}{t_w} \leq \frac{127}{\sqrt{F_y}} \rightarrow \text{web is compact}$

$$\frac{d_w}{t_w} = \frac{24.8}{0.71} = 35 < \frac{127}{\sqrt{F_y}} = \frac{127}{\sqrt{2.4}} = 8.2$$

\therefore web is compact

* check of compact or Non Compact For Flange:-

$\frac{c}{t_f}$

code P.11

if $\frac{c}{t_f} \leq \frac{15.3}{\sqrt{F_y}} \rightarrow \text{Flange is compact}$

$$\frac{c}{t_f} = \frac{b_f - t_{w/2} - r}{t_f} = \frac{7.5 - \frac{0.71}{2} - 1.07}{1.07} = 5.7 < \frac{15.3}{\sqrt{F_y}} = 9.9$$

\therefore flange is compact

ولكننا نجد أن جميع مقاطعات I-section الموجودة في الجدول تكون Compact

2

For M_{max} :

$$\frac{20bP}{\sqrt{P_y}}$$

$$= 194 \text{ cm}$$

(Lu)

$$= 500 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{1380AP}{d P_y} c_b$$

$$= 348 \text{ cm}$$

(3)

$$F_{tb1} = \frac{800 AP}{l_u \times d} c_b = \frac{800 [15 \times 1.07]}{500 \times 30} \times 1.13 = 0.967 \text{ t/cm}^2 < 0.58 P_y = 1.4$$

$$F_{tb2} \quad r_t = \sqrt{\frac{I_y}{A}}$$

$$A = 15 \times 1.07 + (5 - 1.07) \times 0.71 = 19.34 \text{ cm}^2$$

$$I_y = \frac{1.07 (15)^3}{12} + \frac{((5 - 1.07)(0.71))^3}{12} = 301 \text{ cm}^4$$

هذا الترم عند ابعاده

$$r_t = \sqrt{\frac{301}{19.34}} = 3.94 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{l_u}{r_t} = \frac{500}{3.94} = 126.4$$

$$84 \sqrt{\frac{c_b}{P_y}} = 57.6$$

(2)

$$188 \sqrt{\frac{c_b}{P_y}} = 129$$

$$\therefore F_{tb2} = \left[0.64 - \frac{(l_u/r_t)^2 P_y}{1.176 \times 10^5 \times c_b} \right] P_y$$

$$= \left[0.64 - \frac{(126.4)^2 \times 2.4}{1.176 \times 10^5 \times 1.13} \right] \times 2.4 = 0.838 \text{ t/cm}^2 < 0.58 P_y = 1.4$$

$$\therefore F_{tb} = \sqrt{F_{tb1}^2 + F_{tb2}^2} \leq 0.58 P_y$$

$$= \sqrt{(0.967)^2 + (0.838)^2} = 1.28 \text{ t/cm}^2 < 0.58 P_y = 1.4$$

$$M_{max} = F_{tb} \times Z_x$$

$$M_{max} = 1.28 \times 557 = 713.9 \text{ t.cm}$$

$$M_{max} = 7.139 \text{ t.m} \quad \checkmark$$

For Q_{max} :-

$$q_{all} = \frac{Q_{max}}{h \times tw} \rightarrow Q_{max} = h \times tw \times q_{all}$$

$$Q_{max} = 0.84 \times 30 \times 0.71 = 17.9 \text{ ton}$$

$$Q_{max} = 17.9 \text{ ton}$$

For ω_{max} :-

$$M_{max} = \frac{\omega L^2}{8} \rightarrow 7.139 = \frac{\omega (5)^2}{8} \rightarrow \omega = 2.3 \text{ t/m}$$

$$Q_{max} = \frac{\omega L}{2} \rightarrow 17.9 = \frac{\omega (5)}{2} \rightarrow \omega = 7.12 \text{ t/m}$$

$$\omega_{max} = 2.3 \text{ t/m}$$

B E D A Y A

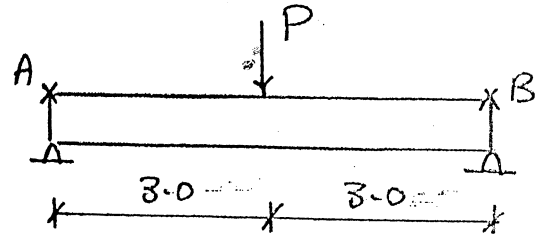
Example ②

"فكر حلو"

- For the given beam braced laterally at points A, B
Find Max load "P" that can be carried by the beam
if the beam is IPE 300

- st (37)

- neglect out of Beam.



Solution

→ The Beam is laterally unsupported. $\Rightarrow l_u = 6.0m$

يجب ان يتم حساب قيمة الحمل "P" حيث يكون

- ① Normal stresses "Safe"
- ② Shear stress "Safe"
- ③ Deflection "Safe"

① Normal stresses:

$$l_u = 6.0m$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{20bf}{\sqrt{f_y}} = \frac{20 \times 15}{\sqrt{2.4}} = 1930N$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1380 Af}{d f_y} C_b = \frac{1380 \times 15 \times 1.07}{30 \times 2.4} \times 1.35 = 415^{cm}$$

هنا أكبر من القيمتين \leftarrow وبالتالي يتم حساب F_{ltb}

$$F_{ltb} = \sqrt{F_{ltb1}^2 + F_{ltb2}^2} \leq 0.58 f_y$$

$$F_{tb1} = \frac{800}{l_{u \cdot d}/A_f} C_b = \frac{800}{600 \times \frac{30}{15 \times 1.07}} \times 1.35 = 0.963 < 0.58 F_y$$

o.k

$F_{tb2} \Rightarrow$ depend on $\frac{l_u}{r_t}$ (From table) $\rightarrow r_t = 3.94 \text{ m}$

$$\therefore \frac{l_u}{r_t} = \frac{600}{3.94} = 152.28$$

$$84 \sqrt{\frac{C_b}{F_y}} = 63$$

$$188 \sqrt{\frac{C_b}{F_y}} = 141$$

$$\therefore F_{tb2} = \frac{12000}{(\frac{l_u}{r_t})^2} \times C_b = \frac{12000}{(152.2)^2} \times 1.35 = 0.7 \text{ t/cm}^2 < 0.58 F_y$$

o.k

$$\therefore F_{tb} = \sqrt{0.963^2 + 0.7^2} = 1.19 \text{ t/cm}^2 < 0.58 F_y$$

\therefore For the Max load "P" :-

o.k

$$\text{ex: do } M_x = \frac{PL}{4} = \frac{P \times 6}{4} = 1.5P$$



$$F_b = \frac{M_x}{Z_x}$$

$$\therefore M_{x_{\max}} = Z_x \times F_{tb}$$

$$= 557 \times 1.19 = 662.83 \text{ t.cm.}$$

$$= 6.63 \text{ t.m.}$$

$$\therefore 1.5P = 6.63$$

$$\therefore P_1 = 4.42 \text{ ton}$$

6

② Max load For shear:—

$$q_{act} \neq q_{all}$$

$$q_{act} = \frac{Q}{h \cdot tw}$$

$$q_{all} = 0.35 f_y$$

$$Q = \frac{P}{2}$$

$$\Rightarrow \text{Max load at } q_{act} = q_{all}$$

$$\frac{P/2}{30 \times 0.71} = 0.35 \times 2.4$$

$$P_2 = 35.7 \text{ ton}$$

③ Max load For deflection:—

$$\Delta = \frac{P l^3}{48 EI}$$

نستخدم الحمل P الذي في حساب الزخم حيث أننا نعلم أن L.L لوحده

في السوال.

$$\Delta_{all} = \frac{\text{Span}}{300} = \frac{600}{300} = 2$$

(نوع التماسك) (نوع التماسك)

∴ at Max load

$$\Delta = \Delta_{all}$$

$$\frac{P \times 600^3}{48 \times 2.1 \times 10^6 \times 8356} = 2 \Rightarrow P = 7798.9 \text{ kg}$$

$$P_3 = 7.79 \text{ ton}$$

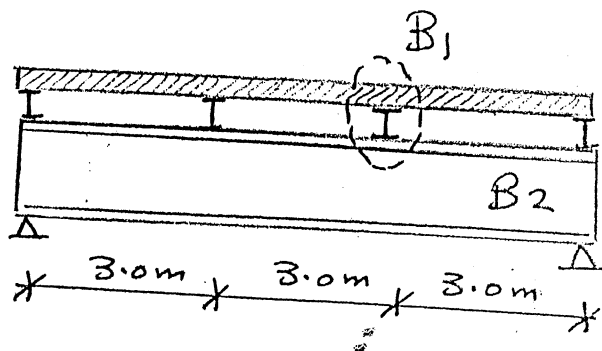
Maximum Safe load = Minimum of the 3 values

$$\therefore P_{max} = 4.42 \text{ ton}$$

Example ③

- Given:-

- wt of cover = 200 kg/m^2
- L.L = 200 kg/m^2
- Rc slab = 10 cm.
- Spacing between Main beams $B_2 = 6.0 \text{ m}$
- st. (57) - neglect o.w. of steel beams

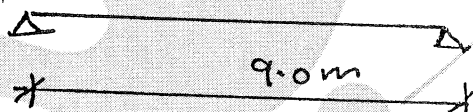


- Required:-

Design B_2 as IPE section.

Solution

① span and structure system:-



② loads:-

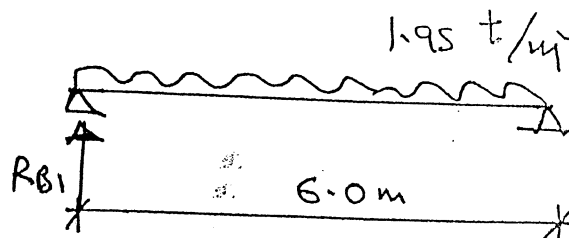
الكمرة B_2 معرضة إلى أحمال مركزة ناتجة عن
رود أفعال الكمرات B_1

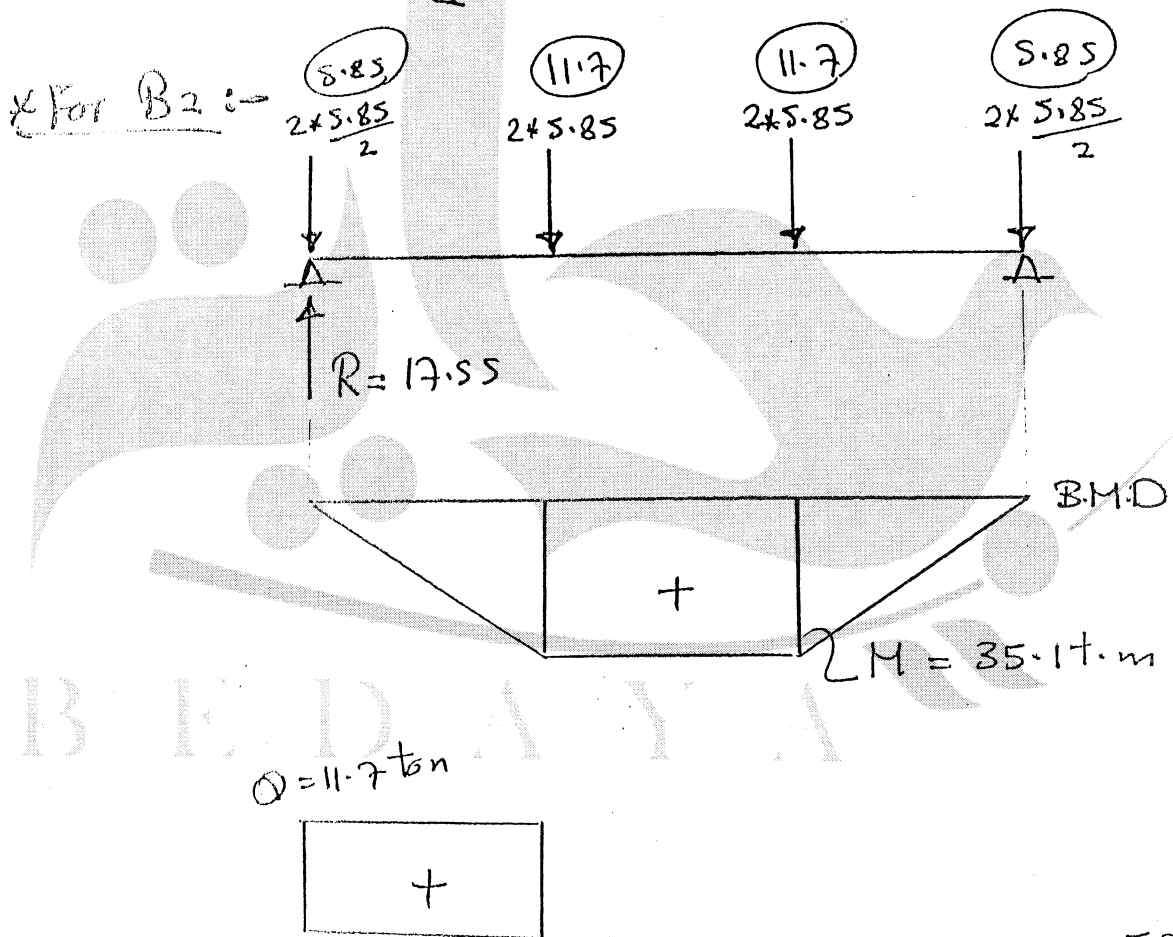
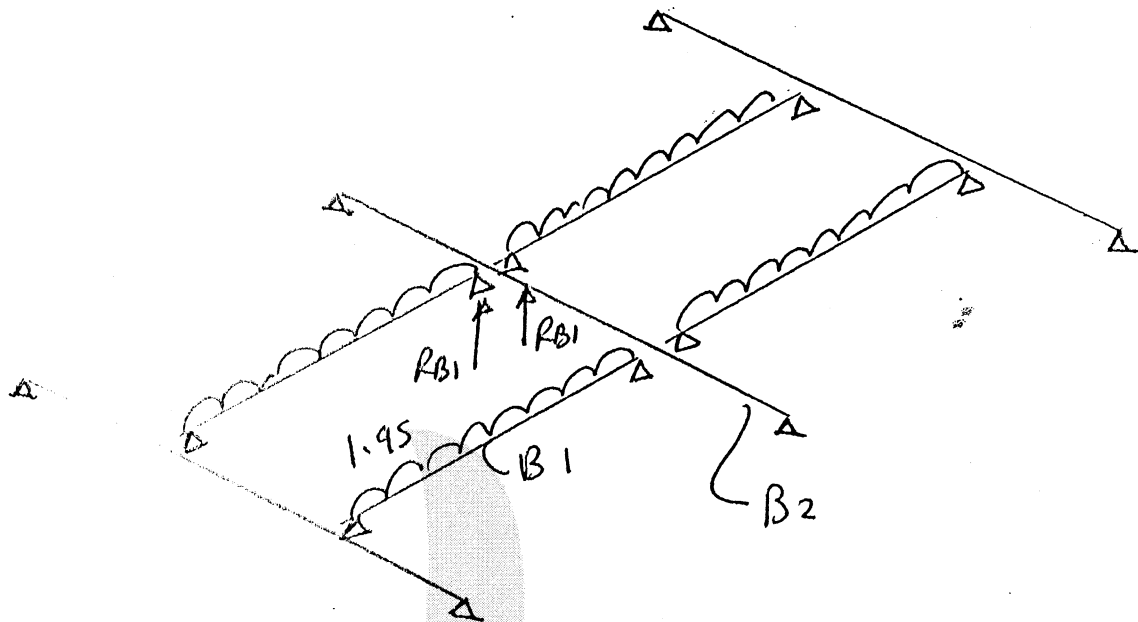
loads on B_1

$$W_{B_1} = \left(\overset{cov}{200} + \overset{LL}{200} + \overset{Rc}{2500 \times \frac{10}{100}} \right) \times \overset{s}{3}$$

$$= 1950 \text{ kg/m} = 1.95 \text{ t/m}$$

$$R_{B_1} = \frac{1.95 \times 6}{2} = 5.85 \text{ ton.}$$





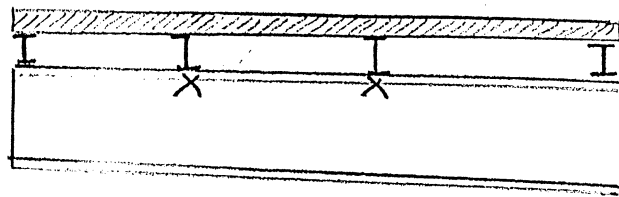
③ Straining actions :-

$$M_x = 35.1 \text{ t.m}$$

$$Q_x = 11.7 \text{ ton}$$

④ Suitable Section:-

نصف وزن قطاع مناسب عن طرف
نصف وزن الجدران
 $0.58 F_y$



$$l_u = 3.0 \text{ m}$$

$$Z_{x \text{ req}} = \frac{M_x}{F_{bx}} = \frac{35.1 \times 100}{0.58 \times 2.4} = 2521.55 \text{ cm}^3$$

$0.58 F_y$

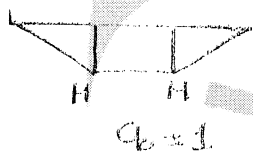
From tables Try IPE 600

⑤ checks:-

① check of Normal stresses:-

$$l_u = 300 \text{ cm}$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{20 b_f}{\sqrt{F_y}} = \frac{20 \times 22}{\sqrt{2.4}} = 284 \text{ cm}$$



$$C_b = 1$$

$$\rightarrow \frac{1380 A_f}{d F_y} C_b = \frac{1380 \times 22 \times 1.9}{60 \times 2.4} \times 1 = 400 \text{ cm}$$

(l_u)

منصورة بين القيمتين

$$\therefore F_{bx} = 0.58 F_y$$

$$\therefore P_{\text{fact}} = \frac{M_x}{Z_x} = \frac{35.1 \times 100}{2070} = 1.14 < 0.58 F_y \approx 1.4$$

O.K

② check of shear:-

$$q_{\text{fact}} = \frac{Q_{\text{tot}}}{h \times t_w} = \frac{11.7}{60 \times 1.2} = 0.16 \text{ t/cm}^2 < 0.35 f_y$$

O.K

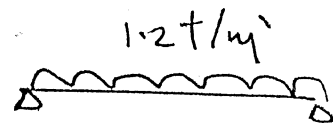
$$= 0.84 \text{ t/cm}^2$$

③ check of deflection :-

$$\Delta_{act_{LL}} \nless \frac{span}{300} = \frac{900}{300} = 3 \text{ cm.}$$

في هذه الحالة الكمية معرّضة إلى حملين مركّزين ولكن لا يوجد معادلة لحساب الترخيم الناتج عن حملين مركّزين، لذلك يتم حساب Δ_{LL} كحمل موزع على الكمية حتى نستطيع حساب الترخيم.

$$w_{LL} = 200 \times S = 200 \times 6 = 1200 \text{ kg/m}$$



$$\Delta_{LL act} = \frac{5}{384} \frac{w_{LL} l^4}{E I_x}$$

$$= \frac{5}{384} \frac{\left(\frac{1200}{100}\right) \times (900)^4}{2.1 \times 10^6 \times 92080} = 0.53 \text{ cm} < 3$$

o.k

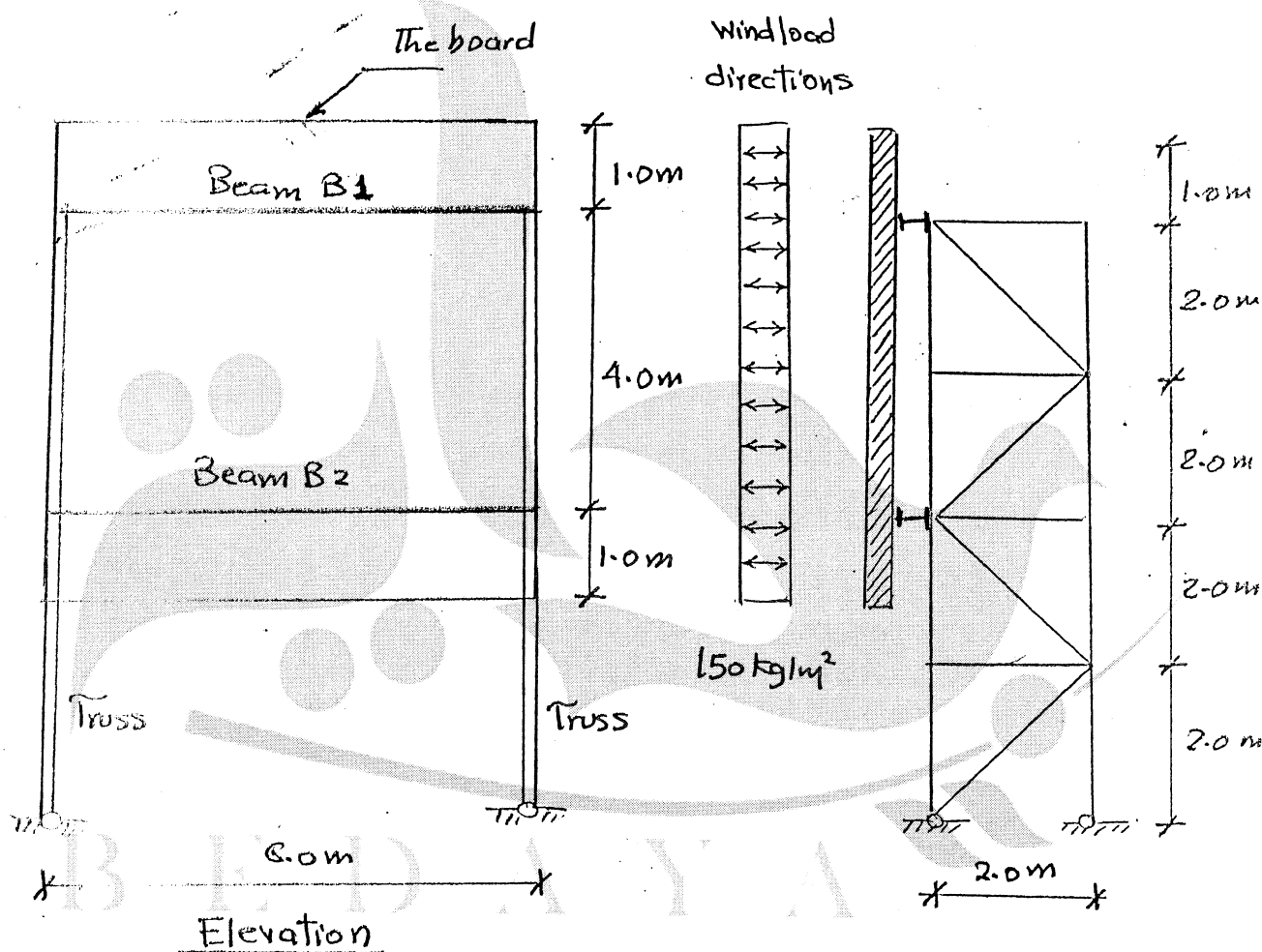
Use IPE 600

تمام
9/9/2020

Example ④

Final 2005

The Figure shows the Elevation and the Sideview of Steel structure Carrying an advertising board of $2.0\text{ m} \times 6.0\text{ m}$. The structure consists of Two Beams Carrying the board and supported to Two vertical Trusses Spaced at 6.0 m as shown in the Figure.



* Given:- - St (37)

- Windload (Pressure + Suction) = 150 kg/m^2

- Neglect the Own weight of the steel beams, the Trusses, and the board

* Required:-

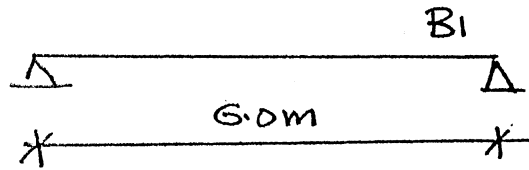
check the Safty of the Beam "B₁" as IPE 200

(Consider only the wind load).

(12%)

Solution

1] span & str. system:-



2] loading:-

$$w_{\text{wind}} = 150 \times (3.0) = 450 \text{ kg/m} = 0.45 \text{ t/m}$$

3] straining actions:-

$$M_x = \frac{0.45(6)^2}{8} = 2.028 \text{ t.m}$$

$$Q_x = \frac{0.45(6)}{2} = 1.35 \text{ ton}$$

4] checks:-

Normal

① check of stresses:-

Properties For IPE 200

$$b_f = 10 \text{ cm}, t_f = 0.85 \text{ cm}$$

$$t_w = 0.56 \text{ cm}, Z_x = 194 \text{ cm}^3$$

$$\rightarrow r_t = 2.63 \text{ cm}$$

$$l_u = 6 \text{ m} = 600 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{20 b_f}{\sqrt{f_y}} = \frac{20(10)}{\sqrt{2.4}} = 129 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{1380 A_F}{d f_y} c_b = \frac{1380(10)(0.85)}{(2.4)(20)} = 276 \text{ cm}$$

276 cm (3)

$$P_{act} = \frac{M_x}{Z_x} \nless F_{tb}$$

$$F_{tb} = \sqrt{F_{tb1}^2 + F_{tb2}^2} = \sqrt{} \nless 0.58 F_y.$$

$$F_{tb1} = \frac{800 \text{ AP}}{l_y \times d} C_b = \frac{800 \times 10 + 0.85}{600 \times 20} \times 1.13 = 0.64 \text{ t/cm}^2$$

$$\frac{l_y}{r_t} = \frac{600}{2.63} = 228.13$$

$$84 \sqrt{\frac{C_b}{F_y}} = 84 \sqrt{\frac{1.13}{2.4}}$$

$$188 \sqrt{\frac{C_b}{F_y}} = 188 \sqrt{\frac{1.13}{2.4}} = 129$$

$$F_{tb2} = \frac{12000}{\left(\frac{l_y}{r_t}\right)^2} C_b = \frac{12000}{(228.13)^2} \times 1.13 = 0.26 \text{ t/cm}^2$$

$$P_{act} F_{tb} = \sqrt{0.64^2 + 0.26^2} = 0.69 \text{ t/cm}^2$$

$$P_{act} = \frac{M_x}{Z_x} = \frac{2.028 \times 100}{194} = 1.04 > 0.69 \text{ t/cm}^2$$

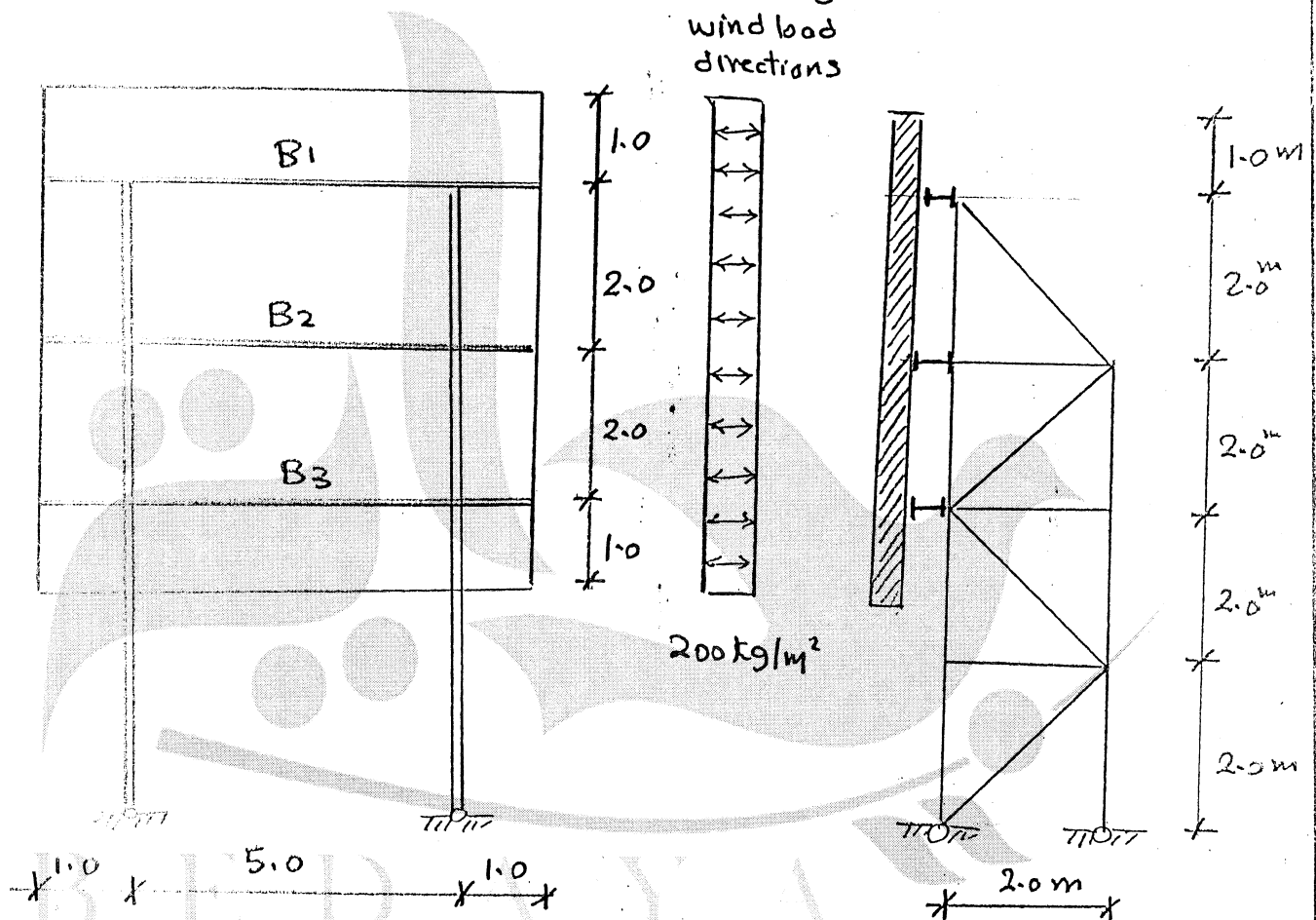
Not ok

∴ Section is not safe.

Example ⑤

Sheet ⑤ ألتاسيس

The Figure shows the Elevation and the Side view of steel structure carrying an advertising board of $2.0\text{ m} \times 6.0\text{ m}$ the structure consists of three Beams carrying the board and supported to two vertical Trusses spaced at 5.0 m as shown in Figure.



* Given:- - st (37)

- wind load (pressure + suction) = 200 kg/m^2

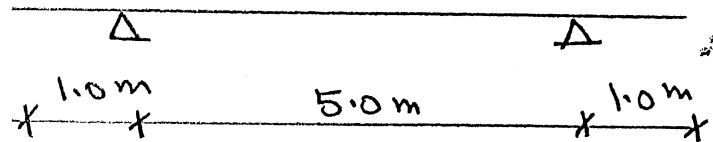
- weight of board = 20 kg/m^2

* Required:-

check the Safty of the Beam B₁ as IPE 200

Solution

1] Span and structure system:-



2] Loading:-

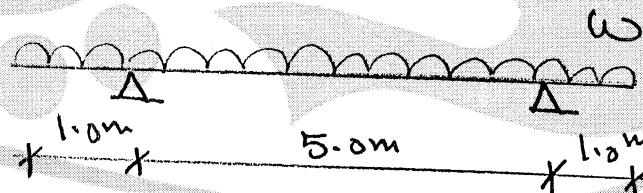
$$w_x = 200 \times 2 = 400 \text{ kg/m} = 0.4 \text{ t/m}$$

$$w_y = \text{owt of Beam} + \text{owt of board}$$

$$= 22.4 + 20 \times 2 = 62.4 \text{ kg/m} = 0.0624 \text{ t/m}$$

From table

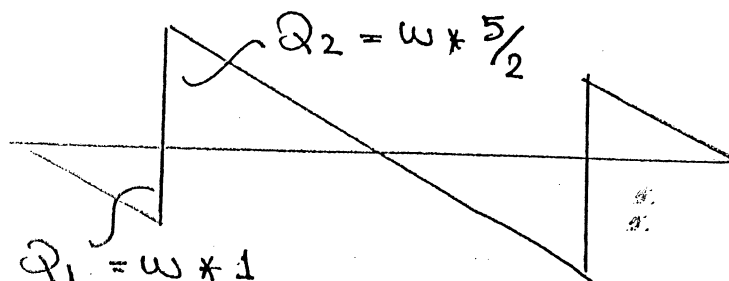
3] Straining actions:-



$$M_1 = \frac{w \times l^2}{2}$$

B.M.D

$$M_2 = \frac{w \times 5^2}{8} - \frac{w \times 1^2}{2}$$



S.F.D

$$M_{x_1} = \frac{0.4 \times 1^2}{2} = 0.2 \text{ t.m}$$

$$M_{x_2} = \frac{0.4 \times 5^2}{8} - \frac{0.4 \times 1^2}{2} = 1.05 \text{ t.m}$$

$$M_{y_1} = \frac{0.064 \times 1^2}{2} = 0.032 \text{ t.m}$$

$$M_{y_2} = \frac{0.0624 \times 5^2}{8} - \frac{0.0624 \times 1^2}{2} = 0.1638 \text{ t.m}$$

$$Q_{x_1} = 0.4 \times 1 = \underline{\underline{0.4 \text{ ton}}}$$

$$Q_{x_2} = 0.4 \times \frac{5}{2} = \underline{\underline{1 \text{ ton}}}$$

4] Checks:-

① Check of Normal stresses:-

From tables:- For IPE

$$b_f = 10 \text{ cm}, \quad t_f = 0.85 \text{ cm}, \quad t_w = 0.56 \text{ cm}$$

$$Z_x = 194 \text{ cm}, \quad Z_y = 28.5 \text{ cm}, \quad r_t = 2.63 \text{ cm}$$

$$I_x = 28.5 \text{ cm}^3$$

← المفروض أنه سيتم عمل هذا اد check مرتين :-

wind →

الأولى: باعتبار اتجاه الـ wind

وبالتالي تكون الكمر Supported ($l_u = 0$)

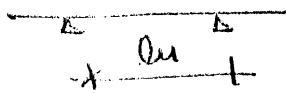
← wind

الثانية: باعتبار اتجاه الـ wind

وبالتالي تكون الكمر unsupported ($l_u \neq 0$)

← ولكن سيتم أخذ الحالة الأولى وهما تكون ($l_u \neq 0$) وذلك لأن

لعمل الحالة الأولى ($l_u = 0$)



$$l_u = 5.0 \text{ m} = 500 \text{ cm}$$

$$\left| \frac{M_x / z_x}{F_{bcx}} + \frac{M_y / z_y}{F_{bcy}} \right| \not\leq 1.0$$

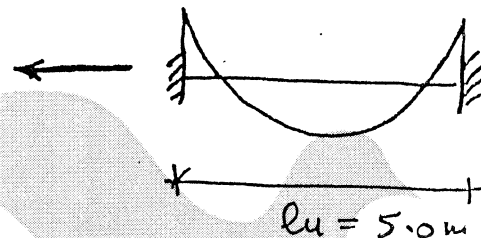
$$l_u = \underline{500 \text{ cm}}$$

$$\frac{20 \times 10}{\sqrt{2.4}} = 129.1$$

$$\frac{1380 \times 10 + 0.85}{20 \times 2.4} \times 1.3 = 317.68$$

خواب

from code
Page 20



ادوات

$$F_{bcx} = F_{t+b} = \sqrt{F_{t+b_1}^2 + F_{t+b_2}^2} = \not\leq 0.58 F_y$$

$$F_{bcy} = 0.72 F_y$$

$$F_{t+b_1} = \frac{800 \times 10 + 0.85}{500 \times 20} \times 1.3 = 0.68 \text{ t/cm}^2 < 0.58 F_y$$

$$\frac{l_y}{r_t} = \frac{500}{2.63} = 190$$

$$84 \sqrt{\frac{1.3}{2.4}} = 61.82$$

$$188 \sqrt{\frac{c_b}{F_y}} = 188 \sqrt{\frac{1.3}{2.4}} = 138$$

$$F_{t+b_2} = \frac{12000}{(190)^2} \times 1.3 = 0.432 \text{ t/cm}^2 < 0.58 F_y$$

$$F_{t+b} = \sqrt{(0.68)^2 + (0.432)^2} = 0.81 \text{ t/cm}^2 < 0.58 F_y$$

$$\frac{1.05 \times 100}{194} + \frac{0.1638 \times 100}{28.5} = 0.98 < 1.0$$

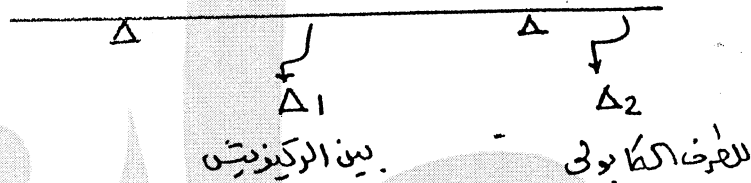
0.K

② check of shear:-

$$q_{\text{fact}} = \frac{Q_x}{h \times t_w} = \frac{1}{20 \times 0.56} = 0.09 \neq 0.35 f_y$$

0.K

③ check of deflection:-



$$\Delta_{1 \text{ act}} = \frac{5 \left(\frac{0.4}{100} \right) \times 500^4}{384 \times 2100 \times 1943} = 0.8 \text{ cm} \neq \frac{500}{300} = 1.67 \text{ cm}$$

0.K

$$\Delta_{2 \text{ act}} = \frac{\left(\frac{0.4}{100} \right) \times 100^4}{8 \times 2100 \times 1943} = 0.012 \text{ cm} \neq \frac{100}{180} = 0.56 \text{ cm}$$

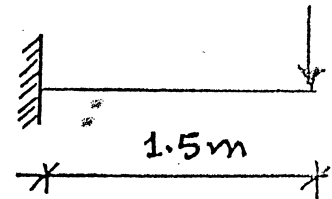
0.K

∴ Section is safe
as IPE 200

Example ⑥

- For the Shown Beam: - (Unsupported)

- St (37)
- IPE 300



- Required:-

Find the Max Moment. (M_{max})

Solution

← هذه المسألة مثل Example ① الموجود في هذه المذكرة Page 1 ولكن مع ملاحظة التالي:-

$$u = 2.5 L = 2.5 \times 1.5 = 3.75 \text{ m}$$

لكن، لكونه
محدد، لكاوي

$$C_b = 1.5 \quad (\text{code page 20})$$

$$u = 375 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{206 F}{1 P_y} = 194 \text{ cm}$$

$$\frac{1380 A F}{d P_y} C_b = 348 \quad (3)$$

التي لا زالت

$$M_{max} = F_{itb} * Z_x$$

← ونكمل كما سبق... احسب F_{itb} و Z_x من الجدول
وعوض في المعادلة... وهاك M_{max} .

وشكراً